The Columbian.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

AT TWO DOLLARS per year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.

☞No paper discontinued except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but a long continued credits will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1883.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XVII, NO 50
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLVII, NO 42

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

	1W	2W	3W	M	1Y
One inch	$2 00	$ 2 50	$3 00	$5 00	$8 00
Two inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	8 00	13 0
Three inches	4 00	5 00	7 00	11 00	18 00
Four inches	5 00	7 00	9 00	13 00	20 00
Quarter column	6 00	8 00	10 00	15 00	25 00
Half column	10 00	14 00	17 00	25 00	50 00
One column	20 00	25 00	30 00	50 00	100 00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's, and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, ten cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar a year for each line.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

L. E. WALLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office over 1st. National Bank. Bloomsburg, Pa.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Ext's Building. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. R. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over 1st National Bank.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over Moyer Bros. Drug Store.

C. W MILLER.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets, Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
NEW COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe.

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Room No. 9, second floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN, Notary Public
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ *Pensions and Bounties Collected.*

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Maize's building, over Billmeyer's grocery.
May 20, '81.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
Attorney-at-Law,
ALSO
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in his building opposite Court House, 2nd floor, Bloomsburg, Pa. apr 13 '83

JOHN C. YOCUM,
Attorney-at-Law.
CATAWISSA, PA.
Office in NEWS ITEM building, Main street.
Member of the American Attorneys' Association.
Collections made in any part of America.
Jan. 6, 1882.

A. K. OSWALD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Jackson Building, Rooms 4 and 5.
May 6, '81. BERWICK, PA

RHAWN & ROBINS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main streets.

W. E. SMITH,
Attorney-atLaw, Berwick. Pa.
Can be Consulted in German.
ALSO FIRST-CLASS
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANIES REPRESENTED.
☞Office first door below the post office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. H. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

R. BUCKINGHAM, Attorney-at-Law Office, Brockway's Building 2nd floor, Bloomsburg, Penn'a. may 7, '80-1 f

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

A. L. FRITZ, Attorney-at-Law. Office in COLUMBIAN Building.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN & LOCKSMITH
Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA House Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. J. C. RUTTER.
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
Office, North Market street, Bloomsburg, Pa

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office corner of Rock and Market street.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician. Office and Residence on Third street.

JAMES REILLY.
Tonsorial Artist,
again at his old stand under EXCHANGE HOTEL, and has at usual a FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP, its respectfully solicits the patronage of its old customers and of the public generally. july 16, '80-tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms and hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

W. H. HOUSE,
—DENTIST,—
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, work Warranted as represented TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Office over Bloomsburg Banking Company.
To be open at all hours during the day.
Nov. 24-17

SUBSCRIBE FOR
THE COLUMBIAN,
$1.50 A YEAR

FALL OPENING
—OF—
Alexander & Bro.
NEW GOODS, LOW PRICES.
A full line of Confectionery, Fruits, Nuts, Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Christmas tree trimmings, and a large stock of Sugar Toys for the Holidays, at
Wholesale and Retail.
Meerschaum Pipes, Cigar Holders, Cigar Cases, Tobacco Pouches and other goods suitable for the Christmas trade. County dealers should consult our prices before purchasing elsewhere.
ALEXANDER & BRO.,
☞Next to Court House.
Sept. 28-3m

E. B. BROWER,
PLUMBING,
GAS FITTING & STEAM HEATING.
DEALER
STOVES & TINWARE.
All kinds of work in Sheet Iron, Roofing and Spouting promptly attended to.
☞Strict attention given to heating by steam.
Corner of Main & East Sts,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

(Continued from last week.)

How Watch Cases are Made.

The process of manufacture was invented by James Boss, who started in business in 1854, and the methods and tools used in making these watch cases are covered by patents. *This is the only watch case made under this process.* For many years the introduction of these goods was slow, owing to popular prejudice against "plated" goods, but gradually the public learned that the *James Boss' Gold Watch Case* was not a *cheap gold-washed* or *electro-plated* article, but was made of *genuine gold plates* of *standard quality* and *thickness*. Conscientious adherence to the determination to make the *best* watch case ever put on the market, and the adoption of every improvement suggested, has made the *James Boss' Gold Watch Case* the STANDARD, TRADE MARK, in this watch case the parts most subject to wear—the *bow, crown, hinges, thumb-catches*, etc., are made of SOLID GOLD.

Send 3 cent stamp to Keystone Watch Case Factories, Philadelphia, Pa., for handsome illustrated Pamphlet showing how James Boss' and Keystone Watch Cases are made.

(To be continued.)

Silverware.

The present season evinces in the styles shown, a very decided return in the taste for the plain antique designs, known as Early English, Chippendale and Old French, although the rich ornate decoration known as Repoussé, still retains many admirers.

Japanese, Indian, and Oriental art has also been successfully studied by our designers, and decorations of wonderful beauty and elegance enrich the hundreds of useful and ornamental articles to be found among our table requisites.

The assortment of Dinner, Tea and Dessert Services, Bowls and Fancy Pieces, is very complete, the prices are exceedingly moderate.

Correspondence and mail orders will receive prompt attention, and careful selections of articles will be sent on approbation when desired.

J. E. CALDWELL & Co.,
902 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES
North American of Philadelphia.
Franklin, " "
Pennsylvania, " "
York, of Pennsylvania.
Hanover, of N. Y.
Queensa, of London.
North British, of London.
Office on Market Street, No. 5, Bloomsburg.
oct. 24, 79-1y

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY. Mover's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets.
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.	$7,078,224
Royal of Liverpool	15,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,165,717
Phœnix, of London	5,266,372
London & Lancashire, of England	1,709,976
Hartford of Hartford	3,378,650
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,092,580

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '81-tf.

FIRE INSURANCE.
CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
HOME, OF N. Y.
MERCHANTS', OF NEWARK, N. J.
CLINTON, N. Y.
PEOPLES' N. Y.
READING, PA.
These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING.

25 PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION. 25

Jan 4

Don't go shivering around this cold weather for the want of a good, warm Overcoat, It will not pay.

We have them in all grades, from the plainest—low in price—to the finest.

A. C. YATES & CO.
Ledger Building, Chestnut & 6th Sts
PHILADELPHIA.
Sept 7

SAMARITAN NERVINE
NEVER FAILS.
THE GREAT
NERVE CONQUEROR
The only known specific for Epileptic Fits. Also for Spasms and Falling Sickness. Nervous Weakness quickly relieved and cured. Equalled by none in delirium of fever. Neutralizes germs of disease and sickness. Cures ugly blotches and stubborn blood sores. Cleanses blood, quickens sluggish circulation. Eliminates Boils, Carbuncles and Scalds. Permanently and promptly cures paralysis. Yes, It is a charming and healthful Aperient. Kills Scrofula and Kings Evil, twin brothers. Changes bad breath to good, removing cause. Routs biliousness and clears complexion. Charming resolvent and matchless laxative. It drives Sick Headache like the wind. Contains no drastic cathartic or opiates. Promptly cures Rheumatism by routing it. Restores life-giving properties to the blood. Is guaranteed to cure all nervous disorders. Reliable when all opiates fail. Refreshes the mind and invigorates the body. Cures dyspepsia or money refunded. Endorsed in writing by over 500 thousand Leading physicians in U. S. and Europe. Leading clergymen in U. S. and Europe. Diseases of the blood own it a conqueror. For sale by all leading druggists. Circulars
The Dr. S. A. Richmond Medical Co., Proprs., St. Joseph, Mo.
Chas. N. Crittenton, Agent, New York City.

SUFFER
no longer from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, want of Appetite, loss of Strength lack of Energy, Malaria, Intermittent Fevers, &c. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS never fails to cure all these diseases.

Boston, November 16, 1881.
Brown Chemical Co.
Gentlemen:—For years I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and could get no relief having tried everything which was recommended to mind; acting on the advice of a friend, who had been benefited by Brown's Iron Bitters, I tried a bottle, with most surprising results. Previous to taking Brown's Iron Bitters, everything I ate distressed me, and I suffered greatly from a burning sensation in the stomach, which was unbearable. Since taking Brown's Iron Bitters, all my troubles are at an end. Constantly since without any disagreeable results. I am practically another person. Mrs. W. J. FLYNN, 30 Maverick St., E. Boston.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS acts like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as tasting the food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache.

Sold by all Druggists.
Brown Chemical Co.
Baltimore, Md.

See that all Iron Bitters are made by Brown Chemical Co., Baltimore, and have crossed red lines and trade-mark on wrapper.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

WORDS FAIL. "Words fail to express my gratitude," says Mr. SELBY CARTER, of Nashville, Tenn., "for the benefits derived from
Ayer's Sarsaparilla.
Having been afflicted all my life with Scrofula, my system seemed saturated with it. It came out in Blotches, Ulcers, and Mattery Sores, all over my body." Mr. Carter states that he was entirely cured by the use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, and since discontinuing its use, eight months ago, he has had no return of the scrofulous symptoms.
All baneful infections of the blood are promptly removed by this unequalled alterative.
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. $1, six bottles for $5.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
PHILADELPHIA!
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, &C., &C.
N. E. Corner Second and Arch streets.
☞Orders will receive promptattention

SELECT STORY.

SLAVE OR WIFE.

"Ten o'clock, and the lunch basket not ready to take to the field—as usual!" grunted farmer Brewster, as he threw himself into a rocking chair in the kitchen and fanned his flushed face with his straw hat. "A quarter of an hour wasted very likely, waiting here. Right in the midst of as fine a hay day as any man would wish to see. Now, my mother used to have her lunch ready to the minute whenever we came for it, and I don't see why—"

His jeremaid was checked by the appearance of his wife, who came out of the pantry, lugging along the great lunch basket, almost too heavy for her strength.

Farmer Brewster was a young man in spite of his grumbling. Only twenty-three, tall, straight, healthy, with blue eyes, rosy cheeks, fair curly hair—and handsome face when it was not darkened, as now, by a scowl of discontent.

An only son, he had inherited a large and handsome farm, clear of mortgage and debt, which supplied all the wants of his household most liberally and gave him a nice little sum of money to deposit in the bank each year.

There was no reason why he should be mean, and yet miserly habits were gradually growing upon him far faster than he knew.

Nor was there need of grumbling over the household arrangements, since the wife of his choice was a farmer's daughter, who knew well how to work, and who had taken delight in setting her home in faultless order when first she came as a bride to the pleasant Brewster place.

The same order reigned still, from garret to cellar of the old square house, but Mrs. Brewster went through her tasks mechanically now, or with nervous haste and hurry that made them almost unendurable sometimes.

The constant drop of water will wear away a stone; and the constant fault finding in which her husband saw fit to indulge had nearly worn the patience, the hope and the endurance out of the young wife's heart.

The comfort and happiness of that home hung upon a thread, which frayed more and more, hour by hour, under the pain of unmerited blame.

Yet George Brewster saw nothing of this until the morning of which I write.

"There is the lunch, and it is exactly five minutes past ten," said Mrs. Brewster, setting the basket down with some emphasis at his feet. "I was delayed that much with the butter. It had to be seen to before the sun got too high."

"My mother always churned before breakfast," observed George, rising slowly to his feet.

His wife said nothing, but the color rose hotly in her cheeks till the lost bloom of her girlhood seemed to have come back again, and she raised her eyes to his with a look that started him.

Very handsome eyes they were—dark, soft and velvety, with a world of love and tenderness in their depth.

Yet now they met his own coldly and sternly, with such an expression that he exclaimed:

Good gracious, Letty! You look as if you hated me.

"I am afraid I do," was the astounding reply.

And with a swift glance at the clock, Letty hurried down into the cellar with a knife and pan to make her preparations for dinner for six hungry haymakers.

"Afraid she hates me! My wife! She that was Letty Glover!" muttered he to himself in his bewilderment. "Why what on earth—! She must be going crazy or something or other."

"Letty!" he called at the cellar door. "It is ten minutes past ten," she answered from the depth of her cellar. "If I don't see about the dinner it won't be on the table at twelve to the minute, as your mother used to have it. I can't come."

"Well, if this don't beat all," said he to the maltese and white cat, who ascended from the cellar and rubbed herself against his legs.

A shout from the hay field roused him to the recollection of the day's business.

He went out and dispensed the treasures of his basket among the hungry men, who praised Letty's cooking with every mouthful they swallowed.

"It's enough to make an old bachelor like me sit down and cry to eat such raspberry shortcakes as that," said Solomon Wyse, wiping the crumbs of the feast from his lips before he drank hard cider from the jug. "Tell you what it is, George, you drew a prize when you went courting."

"So he did. And here's her good health," chimed in another mower, as he took up the jug.

George assented vaguely.

They were talking of his wife—his wife who was afraid she hated him.

Never had two hours between lunch and dinner passed so slowly.

As he rode round and round the field with a sharp rattle of the mowing machine he guided in his care, his mind was continually busy with Letty's looks, and her words, and his eyes often turned toward the cream colored farm house, behind whose spruce green blinds his wife was busy preparing dinner.

"I used to think how happy I should be if I ever persuaded her to come here," he thought. "It is two years—why, I declare it is two years this very day that we were married! I wonder if she remembers it. But it isn't very likely, when she says she is afraid she hates me."

Did she remember? Ah, in that remembrance lay the sting.

All that morning while she got breakfast at five o'clock, and washed the dishes, swept the rooms, made the beds, churned butter and prepared a lunch for six men, her heart turned back to the other morning twenty-four months ago, when the bright-eyed country maiden rose at four o'clock to complete her preparations for her wedding day.

How good, how kind, how handsome her George was then. How his eyes followed her; how his love blessed her.

Was it all her fault that the bloom and beauty of life had departed in those short years?

Looking back she could see no day in which she had not at least tried to do her duty.

And looking in the glass window she saw how the light and glow of youth had passed from her face, while accomplishing the task unchecked by the approval of him she loved.

"George has kept his color and his good looks because his work lies out of doors," she mused, "but I have worked in this old kitchen until I look old enough to be his mother. His mother"—she paused with a bitter laugh—"I almost wish I was his mother, then he would be suited with what I did."

Noon came. The twelve o'clock whistle sounded sharp and clear from the factory in the village a mile away; and before the whistle ceased a little figure stepped out on the side porch of the Brewster house and blew a horn.

"There's a woman for you," said Solomon Wyse, admiringly. "Dinner to the minute—and won't it be a good one?"

The dinner was, indeed, a success, every dainty of the season and farm was there, skillfully cooked and neatly served on a table in the cool dining room—a table covered with snowy cloth fresh from its fold, and glass and china.

In the centre of the table stood a great china bowl full of red roses that perfumed the room. Her cheeks were red, her eyes shone dark and bright, her words and smiles were ready for every one save George.

As she sat grave and silent at the foot of the table, he looked at her wonderingly.

She wore a dress of silver gray alpaca that had been her traveling dress when they were married.

A large white apron, with a bib, shielded the glories of the costume. But why did she put it on? Surely she could not think of "going visiting" that afternoon, with six haymakers to get tea for and the milk of eight cows to attend to afterward.

But he finally went out without asking it. The wife who was afraid she hated him, seemed almost like a stranger, although she looked so much on this occasion like the girl he had married two years ago.

As George neared the woodsheed, where the men were lounging away the rest of the nooning, he heard his own name uttered by Solomon Wyse in tones of anger.

Involuntarily he stayed his steps.

"Yes, I knew George from a baby up, and I always said he'd make a likely man. But I vow it is a shame to see how he treats that pretty little creature! Such a lunch this morning and such a dinner this noon, in such a nice cool room, with the red roses and all the rest of it; and she is just as pretty as a picture, with her red cheeks and bright eyes, and wavy hair, and dressed as neat as a pink, too. And he sitting there as glum as a cross old man of ninety. I was ashamed of him."

"Ive heard he does nothing but find fault with her all the day long," said a second voice. "My wife says if I threw my mother into her teeth, as George does his in Letty's, she'd run away from me before she was a day older."

"And serve you right chimed in a third. I tell you what my wife says: She says it is confounded mean and small of George not to keep a woman here to help his wife. And when I saw the dinner; to-day, the pretty little thing had got for us all alone, I thought so, too. Hang me if I hadn't half a mind to stop here this afternoon and help her wash up that great pile of dishes, and let the haying go to thunder. It's enough to kill the woman to have all that work to do. And George is rich. What on earth is he thinking about? But he'll be sorry for this in a year or two hence, when we have to come here on a different errand."

"To carry her out in a coffin?" said Solomon Wyse, "Yes, I suppose it will come to that if some of us don't talk seriously to George. She don't look at all strong now, and her hands trembled when she changed my plate. It's a burning shame—and if none of you will talk to George about it, I will."

But when George Brewster joined them, Solomon Wyse deemed it prudent to defer the proposed "talking to," for his brow was black as night, and he had no more to say to his neighbors now than to his wife at the dinner table.

This, then, was the way in which they spoke of him behind his back, these men who labored beside him, and took their wages from him and pretended to be his friends.

And his wife she was afraid she hated him. To whom could he turn for comfort—with whom could he expect true friendship, if she who should have been nearest and dearest was an enemy in disguise? Lost in moody reverie he paid little attention to his work.

And at three o'clock in the afternoon there was a sudden uproar in the hay field—a tramping of hoofs, a rush of terrified men, a confusion of voices, and among them all George Brewster lying on the ground beneath the mowing machine, his right arm and leg broken by the wheels, his head cut and bleeding with his heavy fall.

Meanwhile Letty, in the cream-colored house, had not been idle.

Tying on a great calico apron in place of the white one, she had quietly washed and put away the dinner dishes and reduced the dining room to order.

Tea was easily arranged, since it was to consist of cold dishes, with glasses of milk for the men.

She threw a clean table cloth over the whole as soon as it was finished, and went up stairs into the spare chamber to pack her trunk.

Yes, Letty had made up her mind at last. She was going away.

Life had degenerated into slavery, unbrightened as she fancied, by a ray of love.

"And slavery will support one anywhere," thought Letty, as with trembling hands she locked and strapped her trunk and fastened her few lines to George upon the lid.

At the porch door she paused for one last look around the house that might have been so happy.

She did not intend to glance toward the hayfield.

Yet in spite of her resolution her eyes turned that way to single out the tall figure that guided the rattling, clinking mowing machine.

"I wonder if he will miss me a little—just at first?" she mused. He can get a divorce, I suppose, if I desert him, and then he will marry again. I hope he will be kinder to his next wife than he has been to me."

With tears that rose to the thought of her successor blinding her eyes, Letty failed to see the figure that she sought.

"I am foolish to look at him again. I have never been more than a housekeeper to him from the first," she thought, stumbling blindly on toward the gate and opening it to find herself in the centre of an excited group.

"There, don't ye take on like that?" said Solomon Wyse, who came first and saw the tears upon her cheeks before she could wipe them away.

"Were you coming out to meet us? We were in hopes you didn't see anything of it. Its a bad accident, but George is so strong and hearty that he will be up and around again almost before you know it. We've sent Ben Hill off on one of the colts for the doctor, and if you will only tell us where to carry him—"

"Carry him?" repeated Letty.

Solomon stepped aside. She saw behind him a litter roughly made of hay rakes and covered over with coats and on that litter George was lying pale and bleeding, with his eyes closed.

"Oh, Mr. Wyse, is he dead?" she asked, turning even paler than George.

"Not a bit of it! Worth twelve dozen dead men yet. Only a bit of a break in one arm and one leg, and a knock on the head when he fell. The horse didn't kick, and he'll be all right as soon as the doctor sees him. Shall we take him up stairs or where?"

"Bring him in here," said Letty recovering herself.

She led the way to the bedroom on the ground floor and helped to shift the maimed figure from the litter to the bed. Her soul was dying within her for fear, yet not a word passed her lips.

When the doctor came in he found a capable nurse, dressed in a dark print who listened intelligently to his directions and promised to carry them out fully.

And it so happened that as George Baewster returned to life the first words that fell upon his ears were uttered by the doctor outside the window as he mounted his gig:

"Yes, he will do, Mr. Wyse, he will pull through nice if his wife nurses him. And she can do so nicely, if some of you will send some one to take charge of the house. She is a woman in a thousand. I hope he knows how to value her."

Letty bending over the bed absorbed in the invalid, had not heard him.

"What is it dear?"

"The doctor is right. You are a woman in a thousand! I always knew it, Letty, if I never said it. So I tell you of it now, before I die," he added, going off into another faint.

It was all that Letty's sore heart needed. Beside the bed of suffering she spent two of the happiest months of her life. The first act of George Brewster on his recovery was to secure help for his wife, so that she now has plenty of time to get back her lost color and plumpness. They are one in heart, as one in home and name now. And Solomon Wyse has never seen occasion to administer the "talking to."

"Somehow or other," drawled Solomon, "getting run over by the mowing machine was the making of George Brewster."

And Letty and George thinks so too.

What is the Cause?

There is something wrong somewhere. The telegraphic columns of *The Daily Democrat*, as well as those of all great newspapers, are almost daily filled with the details of revaulting murders, killings, accounts of domestic infelicities, bank stealing and the shortcomings of humankind generally.

For instance our telegraphic columns this morning give an account of a murder and suicide at Chicago; of an attempted bank robbery at Des Moines; of a clerical book thief at Boston; of another Rose Ambler case; of a christening tragedy at Philadelphia and one at Goconia, N. H. All this gives one an idea that honest men are uncommon, virtuous men are dying out and that a race of brutes is growing up. But this is not so. There are just as many honest men, as many happy homes, as many virtuous men, and more, than there ever were. But of those we scarcely hear. The people who represent the world's happiness are quiet unassuming people, who never get into public print and who never create a sensation. How many such can we not count in our own little city.

The Democrat has often thought that if, once in a while, the dailies of our larger cities could send their emmissaries to the quiet, and happy homes of some healthy minded man and substitute for the details of a crime a description of his life and habits, that some would appreciate the change. There is an undoubted demand, we admit, for sensational literature. There is a class of readers who want to know all about the murders and crimes that occur. This taste, is we fear, too much flattered and nurtured. It is an unhealthy taste. It belongs to unhealthy minds.

We trust that the time is coming when public sentiment will demand something better. We should be told more of the happy side of life and not so much of its wickedness. For the good of humanity *The Democrat* earnestly hopes that our large and influential dailies will soon be forced to do this.—*Lock Haven Democrat.*

Before one of the Justices of the Peace the lawyer for a defendant in an assault and battery case desired to prove that the plaintiff was a woman of temper. He therefore asked;

"Didn't you throw a kettle at one of the water-works' men last spring?"

"Yes and what of it!" she snapped. "Didn't the neighbor on one side strike at him with an axe, and the one on the other snap a shot-gun at him six or seven times before it went off and tore five pickets off the fence.

An authority says: "Fashion's latest requirements in ball-room costumes call for the finest products of the loom, long, sweeping trains of court days, and a return to the decidedly immodest corsage."

JOHN GRIFFIN CARLISLE.

THE NEXT SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVS.

A STATESMAN AND PARLIMENTARIAN—ELEVATED BY HIS PARTY FROM THE LOWER HOUSE OF THE KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE TO THE HIGHEST OFFICE OF THE FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

A SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.

Hon. John G. Carlisle, representing the 6th district of Kentucky in the present Congress, is now forty-eight years of age, seven years of which he has served in Congress with increased distinction each term. Soon after entering upon his first term in 1876 it was conceded by the older members of the House that Mr. Carlisle was destined to become a central figure in national politics, and time has verified the wisdom of their prophecy by his elevation to the speakership of the body in which he has so brilliantly figured.

The contest from which Mr. Carlisle, has just so successfully emerged is a victory that brings him into formidable prominence as an excellent probability on the Presidential ticket of 1884. Within an hour after his selection by the caucus for the speakership there were not a few emphatic in their opinions that the present honor was only a step to the Presidency of the Senate in 1885.

In other words it is claimed that Carlisle will be the Democratic nominee for Vice-President next year in combination with some northern men for the Presidency, thus uniting the two great sections of the party North and South. The northern gentleman to complete the ticket is not named.

MR. CARLISLE'S VIEWS ON TARIFF.

Your correspondent sought an interview with the new Speaker and found him willing to frankly express himself on subjects for future legislation.

"Mr. Carlisle, do you consider your selection for Speakership an endorsement by the Democratic party of your reformatory views on the tariff.

"Most emphatically yes. I was the only candidate for the honor representing my party's policy on tariff, Messrs Randall and Cox both holding views inconsistent with our position on the purposes of a tariff."

"Do you mean 'tariff for revenue only'?"

"That is the constituent principle, to be regulated, however, so as to protect our home industries without fostering monopolies For instance, we should have a high tariff on manufactured products coming in competition with home industries, with a low tariff on raw materials not attainable in our own country."

"Do you anticipate any attempt in the present Congress to revise the existing laws on this subject?"

"There will probably be no effort of the kind until a change in the political complexion of the Senate occurs. I believe, however, that the question will be approached sooner or later intelligently and for the best interests of the country at large."

ECHOES FROM THE CAUCUS.

"You had quite a walk over in the caucus, Mr. Carlisle?"

"Just what I knew would take place, sir. Mr. Randall's argument for supporters was based on so-called 'business interests.' Heavy Pennsylvania capitalists and high protectionists came down here and sold to their representatives: 'You must vote for Randall or the mercantile interests will suffer. Our workingmen, and we as the employers expect you to do it.' It was the threat of the ballot box that holds the votes that the workingmen casts to elect a Congressman, and it worked very nicely with about fifty members, but over one hundred of my supporters and thirty of Mr. Cox's thought differently and the result is what has been a certainty for several days."

"In courtesy to your antagonists will you place Mr. Randall and Mr. Cox on the most important committees?"

I have not given the subject of committee organization much thought, but my distinguished competitors will receive due recognition in that matter. In my canvass for the Speakership I refrained from making any promises and I shall recognize the committees with material that will inure to the good of the country without partisan benefits."

"What have you to say about the sectional cry that was raised against you during the canvas?"

"Nothing more than the day is past when such tactics in politics will aid the cause of any faction springing it. The war is over and the public are satisfied that Mason and Dixie's line has long been obliterated."

A SKETCH OF CARLISLE'S LIFE

Mr. Carlisle was born September 5th, 1835, in Kenton county, Kentucky. His early days were spent in securing an education such as the country schools of those days afforded, at the same time supporting himself by his own labor. An opportunity was presented and young Carlisle began the study of law in Covington. At the end of two years he was admitted to the bar, in 1850, and so rapid was his rise in the profession and so great his popularity with the public that he was elected a member of the Lower House of the Kentucky Legislature in 1864, a state senator in 1866, and again in 1869, lieutenant governor in 1871, serving until September, 1875.

Mr. Carlisle was then relieved from the lieutenant-governorship by his election to the Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth Congresses. He was returned to the Forty-seventh Congress, in which he became a conspicious figure, and now he is Speaker of the Forty-eighth.

Personally Mr. Carlisle is quite dignified, yet very courteous in manner, and impresses one with the opinion that he is a character of more than ordinary ability, by nature and tact a brilliant leader and conscientious politican. The country at large will anticipate his career as Speaker with considerable interest.

Burdette on Home.

THE PHILOSOPHER OF THE HAWKEYE DROPS INTO THE SENTIMENTAL.

I talk about home because I am rarely there—and men like to talk most of what they know least about. "There is no place like home." Even those who live in boarding-houses touchingly warble that song. Home is more to a woman than it is to a man. A man who has no home is a social tramp. With a woman it is different; she wants a home but does not always have a chance to get it. Woman feeds upon affection. She is never happy until she gets her ideal man; and then she is cast down to find another woman's photograph and love letter in his overcoat pocket.

But a man gets his home—lot, house, mortgage, mechanics lien and all. He has all but the mortgage, and the mortgage has him. All of a man's life, except what he spends at the store, club, caucus, lodge or prayer meeting is spent in his home. Man is great in his own house; if he is not a king, he is at least a prince consort. Many are like the man who, on being nominated for lieutenant governor, said: "You have nominated the right man for the right place. I have been a lieutenant governor ever since I married."

It is said that every home has a skeleton; but I don't believe it. It is only a thing af the imagination. Some regard a poor relation as a skeleton but that is wrong. No man is poor for fun; he cant help it, and is entitled to your sympathy. Homes are brighter and better than they used to be. Our wives make them so. When a wife buys her husband a diamond pin for Christmas, it brightens home; and the husband is made happy by receiving the bill ten days before Christmas. Husbands, take your wives into your confidence; it will help you to success.

What is home without a dog? It is altogether too quiet. I took a dog from Philadelphia to Burlington once, and rather than try it again I would take a pair of twin babies to San Francisco. That dog wound a six foot chain around my legs and around the legs of other men, in ways that were unaccountable. Some men are fond of dogs. They will pay $400 for a Gordon setter and never shoot anything but the setter.

Lodges are useful; but too many of them do not make a home happy. A man in Iowa joined so many that it took him and his wife all night to count them. He slept in his regalia, called his wife Worshipful Master, and his son, Junior Warden. He spent a great deal of his time marching in processions and in visiting the sick—especially ladies of sixteen and upward. He was taken sick himself, and he was visited by so many committees that his wife was glad to get him well.

Fill your home with beauty. People ought to live in every room in the house. I have built a great many houses—on paper—and I am at it yet. I would avoid the spare room. It is cold and damp. There is nothing in a spare room that will burn. I have often tried to warm a bed in a spare room, but always failed. If you have any doubt about the spare room, ask your pastor, he knows all about it.

We live in brighter homes now, and live in better houses than kings formerly lived in. I can say, with Talmage, that I was glad to be on hand when this planet came along. Our fathers were a lot of scalawags. Clothed in tin and steel they would go into a neighbor's castle, and rob and destroy. But now things are better. If a man sees another with anything he wants, he makes a deal with him in stocks, in oil, or cotton or what, and he gets the property—but he don't disfigure the corpse. Only 160 years ago the last witch was burned in Scotland for getting up a thunder storm by pulling off her stockings; now a man won't get shot if he pulls off his boots in a parlor car. What man is there who would like to have lived in 1776? Eighteen suits me better than seventy-six. The world is better than it used to be and it is going to be still better when you get out of it.

Every man should have a den—a room or closet—in his house, sacred to his own use, in which no wife has a right to go tearing around—a den full of precious letters, photographs and unpaid bills. In your homes you must expect troubles—it is troubles that make home happy. Troubles make better men and women. Enjoy your troubles as they come along. Fill your home with music. Buy your boy a fiddle, even if you have to stop your ears. Buy a piano for the girls, even if you have a dozen of them, and you have one, two, three—one, two, three—all the day long.—*Robert J. Burdette.*

Indignant Mormons.

The *News*, the Mormon organ, says: "The Presidents message will be hailed by the hireling clergy with pleasure, and will receive an amount of popular support. The plural marriages of the Mormons are not recognized by the territorial laws, and could not be dissolved by commissions, by edicts, by armies or other earthly power. They are ecclesiastical, perpetual and eternal. Until the Mormons become recreant to their faith with high heaven, these unions will be recognized by the Almighty being who established them for the benefit of His people and the fullness of His glory. The President's remarks on Utah polygamy will not add force to his message nor credit to his statesmanship. They are a sop to bigots and breath to the flame of popular passion. It is doubtful if it will have a practical bearing on congress. It will certainly create no commotion among the God-fearing people of Utah.

Rich men are often very tight, but the man who is often tight seldom becomes rich.—*Boston Transcript.*

THE COLUMBIAN.

O. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1883.

Those republican papers that are harping so constantly on the cost of the extra session not only lose sight of the fact that the cost was made by the refusal of the republican senate to legislate, but they also forget that in 1881 a republican legislature wasted $200,000 of the state's money in a factious fight over the election of a United States Senator.

The Legislature adjourned last Friday at noon. Crawford of Philadelphia returned his full pay to the state, $1870,00, and quite a number of members returned $110 each, being the pay for the eleven days' adjournment at the beginning of the extra session. Speaker Faunce being one of the number. In the Senate, Coxe, Gordon and Emery returned their full pay.

It is believed that the present session of Congress will be brief. There is nothing of importance that requires a protracted session. Some of the time will be occupied in correcting some of the incongruities and inequalities of the tariff bill, passed at last session, in which all parties will agree. The Harrisburg *Patriot* says:

There is, however, plenty of work to do in one direction, and that is in the matter of inquiring into abuses and irregularities in the public service. It is intimated that the manner of Stanley Matthews' appointment to the supreme court bench will be made the subject of inquiry. The manner in which "Brewster, attorney general," has been conducting the affairs of his department likewise invites a searching inquiry, while the allegation that George Bliss has been indulging in crooked practices while a special attorney of the United States is also put down for investigation. It is not only proper but important that these several investigations should be made, but it does not follow that the session should be protracted on account of them.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The number of bills introduced in the house to day exceeded by 200 the number presented yesterday. Bills of a private character predominated and of these two-thirds were pension bills. Of the more important public measures fully one-half were old, and one of the pension bills has been introduced in every congress since 1852. A very considerable number of bills were introduced which, while they varied somewhat in form, were identical in purpose, and several representatives from different states introduced precisely the same bill, as a measure which had originally been presented to the Forty-seventh congress. There were to-day five bills to provide a uniform system of bankruptcy, three or four to prevent the spread of contagious diseases among cattle, two or three for the abolition of the internal revenue bureau, and a number for the reduction of postage and the withdrawal from circulation of the trade dollar. There were also a number of tariff bills, some increasing and some lowering the duties on articles specified.

The Trade Dollar.

President Arthur in his message says:

The trade dollar was coined for the purpose of traffic in countries where silver passed at its value as ascertained by its weight and finances. It never had a legal tender quality. Large numbers of these coins entered, however, into the volume of our currency. By common consent their circulation in domestic trade has now ceased, and they have thus become a disturbing element. They should not be longer permitted to embarass our currency system. I recommend that provision be made for their reception by the treasury and mints, (as bullion) at a small percentage above the current market price of silver of like fineness.

The Tariff Issue.

WHAT GENERAL MCCLELLAN THINKS OF IT.

The New York *Herald* of last Monday published an interview with Gen. George B. McClellan.

"I have come," said the reporter, "to ask your opinion on tariff reform as an issue in the next presidential election."

"There are many men, answered the general, "who can give you a better answer than I can. Having for my part long since renounced all active participation in politics, I do not wish by any published statement to create the impression that I am speaking anything but my individual opinion, as any citizen may at a crisis like the present. The man who is in a position to read the signs of the times to-day must see, if he is not blind, that fiscal questions are the real questions of the day, and all others must give way before their discussion."

"Do you think the democrats will have the courage to make a square issue on the tariff?"

"Yes, I do," said General McClellan, with earnestness. "The time was, not many months ago, when it would have cost any congressman his re-election to have spoken favorably of free trade. To-day, while free trade is not thought of by any politician as of immediate application, there are many members who preach its doctrines as an ultimately good thing for the United States and many more who are gaining political strength by fighting for a low tariff.

"In this connection I may quote to you what a prominent member of congress from Illinois told me last spring. He said that not only in Illinois, but further northwest and west, in the last election the winning men in both the democratic and republican parties were those who preached low tariff. These alone met with sympathy from the people. And that sympathy I believe is growing."

"Where will the strength of the low tariff party lie?"

"Mainly in the west. It is there that the fight will be fought, and it is there that we shall learn shortly whether we are to remain in existence as a democratic party, with all our excellent traditions, or whether we are to be forever wiped out of existence through our own cowardice in failing to meet this issue. It is an inevitable one, and will give the victory to any set of men that will take it up."

The State Grange Meeting.

The State Grange, Patrons of Husbandry met in the hall of the house of representatives in Harrisburg on Tuesday afternoon. There were 115 granges represented on first roll call, being 30 more than last year, an indication that the organization is growing. Nearly 400 delegates were present.

A public meeting was held in the house of representatives in the evening The attendance was very large and much interest was manifested in the remarks of the gentlemen who made addresses on the occasion.

Worthy Master Leonard Rhone made a short address, in which he showed the advantages of agriculture, and that the revenue derived from it alone equalled all the combined manufactures He also spoke of the action of the congress in relation to the duty on raw materials. The governor was then introduced and welcomed the members of the order in the following address:

Ladies and Gentlemen of the State Grange.—It gives me much pleasure to welcome you to this city as the place for holding the annual meeting of your organization. The capital of the state is a most fitting place for a body of citizens to assemble whose purpose is to forward the interests of an industry at once the oldest and most important in the commonwealth. In styling yourselves the "Patrons of Husbandry" you wear a title dignified wherever labor is respected and most honored among a people where simplicity, sincerity and virtue most abound. You are the patrons of an industry which employs more of the activities of man and contributes more to the comfort, health and happiness than any other form of human employment. The capital is therefore honored by your presence as I am sure the state will be benefitted by your labors. Hence, as the executive of the commonwealth, I welcome you here. As a citizen also, I receive you with a most hearty good pleasure. With the deepest interest in the success of the sessions which will occupy your thought and attention, and the sincerest wish for their success and progress, both as a magistrate and citizen, I extend to you a most cordial welcome and bespeak for you a pleasant, profitable and successful session. The capital of the state is glad to have you here, and I am glad to have the opportunity of making your personal acquaintance.

THE WELCOME APPRECIATED.

Hon. Victor E. Piollet, of Wyoming, Bradford county, then stepped forward and responded to the welcome of the governor. He said;

Governor Pattison: I have been appointed by the worthy master of the Pennsylvania state grange to reply to your address of welcome to the Patron farmers assembled in their eleventh annual session.

Worthy Sire, we thank you thus publicly for having procured the hall of the house of representatives as a place of meeting on this annual occasion. The farmers throughout the state belonging to the grange organization, and numbering many thousands of the very best agricultural producers within her borders, are complimented by your presence among us and feel highly honored by the warm and friendly terms with which you greet our presence.

The agricultural people of Pennsylvania remember the occasion of your inauguration: its unpretentious and frugal example which met with their unqualified approval. The wholesome and much needed reforms which you promised executive sanction have in notable instances taken the shape of law. In such instances as party politics have thwarted you the people we here represent are on your side, and will stand by you until they are accomplished.

The farmers of Pennsylvania deserve the kind office of her chief magistrate, since they contribute to a greater extent than any other class of her people to the wealth and morality that forms the proudest distinction of our state.

We are fully aware that corrupt and unscrupulous politicians have been and are now doing all they can to misrepresent and defame your official acts. These bad men will not be able to destroy the well grounded confidence which the mass of our citizens have in your integrity and capability.

In conclusion allow me in behalf of the laboring mass of agricultural people to assure you we warmly appreciate your efforts to promote their true interests.

Your presence at our monster meeting in Williams' grove and your address on that occasion, your regular attendance with the state board of agriculture, the investigation you have made to ascertain the defects of the management which has rendered the state college of no value to our farmers and mechanics for whose benefit it was endowed, are notable instances of your solicitude for the most important industry in the state you are chosen to govern.

Governor Pattison, you have endeared yourself to the farmers of Pennsylvania, and their unshaken faith in your patriotism and integrity is their tribute bestowed on this occasion.

Mr. Piollet concluded his remarks by touching upon equal taxation and general legislation.

ITEMS.

The case of James Nutt for the killing of N. L. Dukes, which was changed from Fayette to Allegheny county, has been set down for trial on the first Monday in January.

The Danville *Sun* says that Mrs. E. K. Hale, of that place, has in her possession, as the result of six years' work, a silken bed quilt in which there are 17,751 individual pieces of silk. To sew these together it took 1,200 yards of thread. It weighs, completed, eight pounds. The pieces of which it is composed are of different colors, and is pronounced by those competent to judge the handsomest quilt of the kind ever seen hereabouts. It is all her own work, and received the finishing touches last week.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—Mr. Guy, O'Donnell's solicitor, in a letter to the newspapers begs that the members of the jury which tried O'Donnell will confidentially communicate with him, as he desires to address them upon a matter of extreme urgency. He says that all other means of communicating with them have failed. As he was refused a copy of the jury before the trial he has been unable to ascertain their identity since.

A meeting of the liberal workingmen was held at Torquay to-night for the purpose of getting up a petition to Sir William Harcourt, the home secretary, to commute O'Donnell's sentence. A letter was read from Mr. Samuelson, (liberal) member of parliament, denouncing the object of the meeting, and a motion in favor of a petition in O'Donnell's behalf was defeated by a large majority.

The jury in the case of Franklin Monroe on trial at Wilkes-barre for the murder of Samuel McNeal, at Hunlock's Creek, returned a verdict of not guilty.

The stockholders of the Danville Steel Works have agreed to accept the proposition of the preferred creditors, by which the plant will be transferred to a new company, to be organized immediately. Some $40,000 new capital will be invested, and the liabilities of the present company, amounting to $125,000, will be accepted and paid in one annual and six semi-annual installments. The works will now continue to run up to their fall capacity.

Christmas Gifts.

Tact, taste and the solving of problems in finance are all necessary in the making of Christmas presents. In ten days Christmas will be here. If the presents are of home manufacture they are well under way by this time: if they are to be purchased it is well not to delay the shopping until the last moment. Christmas presents can often be bought to the best advantage immediately after the holiday season. It is too late to practice that form of economy in buying presents for the coming Christmas, but the suggestion may effect a saving in the distribution of next year's presents.

It is not necessary to enumerate the advantages of making Christmas purchases at leisure. Any one who has chased about from shop to shop on the day before Christmas and squandered his money in the making of a collection of inappropriate presents, because he has not the time to choose suitable ones, does not need to be told of the folly of such delay, and of his own accord will begin early next year to pick up articles here and there that fit in neatly with unintentional hints dropped in the conversation of his friends. It is its appropriateness which gives the chief value to a Christmas present, and it is because of the appropriateness of the gifts that articles in the manufacture of which time, care and labor have been expended cause more pleasure to the recipients than the unconsidered bauble which is given as it is received, without thought and without gratitude.

The purchased gift can express as much as the one conceived and made at home with infinite pains, provided the necessary forethought be exercised in the making of the purchase. The Christmas season is one for the practice of liberality and generosity. It is well to stint yourself that you may give, but if the giving is felt to be a burden it is better not to give. Do not give for form's sake. Be sure that you want to give before you give, but no not run into debt or involve others in your sacrifice. There may be an abuse of even the beautiful Christmas custom. Do what you can to keep the Christmas giving above the cold, perfunctory habit which too often prevails in the making of birthday or wedding presents.—*Phila. Press.*

Court Proceedings.

Auditor's reports in estate of Hannah Piatt, A. W. Dickson and Elizabeth Kelchner confirmed nisi.

Return of Partition in estate of Christiana Young, confirmed nisi.

Return of Partition in estate of George Craig, confirmed nisi.

William Werkheiser vs. Jane Werkheiser, decree in divorce filed.

Commonwealth vs. S. P. Helwig, selling liquor without a license. Verdict, not guilty. Defendant to pay costs.

E. B. Hull and wife, vs. E. M. Laubach. Judgment on case stated.

Commonwealth vs. Margaret Kingsley. Assault and battery, not a true bill, prosecutor to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. Isaiah Beers. Larceny, a true bill.

Commonwealth vs. M. C. Woodward and J. B. Tratton. Forcible entry, case tried, verdict not guilty, defendant to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. D. F. Seybert, recognizance forfeited. To be respited on appearance of defendant at next term.

Washington Fisher, Joseph Geiger and J. A. Shuman appointed viewers of a road in Catawissa near Barninger's mill.

Commonwealth vs. J. L. Girton. Not a true bill, prosecutor to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. John P. Hannon. Not a true bill, prosecutor to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. Isaiah Beers. Larceny, case tried, verdict guilty.

An adjourned court was ordered for January 9th, 1884, at 9 o'clock, for the argument list.

The folowing roads were confirmed finally:

Benton township near J. P. Bellas'
Greenwood " " A. P. Young's, against road.
Montour township near L. Thomas'.
Sugarloaf " " E. L. Fritz's.

Commonwealth vs. Nellie Faux, nol. pros. allowed on payment of costs.

Commonwealth vs. Henry Summers. Nol. pros. allowed on payment of costs.

Commonwealth vs. M. C. Woodward. Nol. pros. allowed.

Citation awarded to executor of Mary A. Gearhart.

County bridge in Greenwood over Muddy run; also a county bridge in Fishingcreek near Elizabeth Paden's, and the incorporation of Espy as a borough approved by the Grand Jury.

John Appleman, Hugh McBride and L. M. Hartman appointed viewers to vacate road in Mt. Pleasant.

The Grand Jury made the following report:

TO THE COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS OF COLUMBIA COUNTY, DECEMBER SESSIONS, 1883:

We, the Grand Jurors in attendance, do respectfully report that we have passed upon all bills and matters laid before us by the Court and District Attorney; have examined the public buildings and find them in good, ordinary condition, except the drainage from the new jail, which the Commissioners of the county have already taken action upon in order to secure thorough and proper drainage, of which action we approve. We think the improvements lately made in the Prothonotary's office are a beginning of what has long since been needed, and, if completed, as we understand is designed by the Prothonotary, both in the office and vault, will be what the public need, and what the security and convenience of the public records require. We also recommend similar improvements and changes in the Register's office; and we recommend the Commissioners to pay from the county funds all reasonable bills for such improvements. We also recommend the securely and permanently closing up of the window in the wall of the new jail near the engine house, called the "coal hole," through which prisoners have made, and can make, their escape, except a small opening or schute for the passage of coal, so small that no person can get through. We also recommend the repair of some locks and spouting at the new jail, we further recommend the drainage from the water closet at the court house to proposed sewer on Main street.

A. B. HARTMAN, Foreman.

Estate of John Karshner, decree of specific performance filed.

Inquest on body of Jacob Gannon, of Catawissa, approved; also inquest on body of William McFadden.

Isaiah Beers was brought into court and sentenced to 30 days in the county jail, and costs of prosecution, and a fine o $10.

From Light Street.

Our supervisor has been fixing our roads by cleaning the gutters, but they appear to need a little more fixing.

Andie Jacoby has returned from the West and has taken to himself a wife. We wish him a long and happy life.

Silas Young is doing a good business in the lumber trade.

There was an oyster supper up at Reece Fairman's on Tuesday evening.

We were glad to see C. B. Ent on our streets the other day.

The Tramps Must Go.

The Legislature recently passed a law for the suppression of that perambulating nuisance, the professional tramp. We extract the following provisions from the act:

Section 1 provides that any person going from place to place begging and acquiring money and a living, and having no fixed place of residence in the county or city in which he shall be arrested, shall be deemed a tramp, and on conviction shall be sentenced to a prison for a period not exceeding twelve months.

Section 2 provides that any tramp entering a dwelling house without the permission of the occupant, or shall kindle any fire in the highway, or on the land of another without the owner's consent, or shall be found to be carrying dangerous weapons and firearms, and shall on being tried by a jury be found guilty of unlawful practices as aforesaid, shall be sentenced to prison at hard labor for a period not exceeding three years.

Section 3 provides that any act of begging or vagrancy as described shall be evidence that the person committing the same is a tramp.

Section 4 provides that any person may apprehend a tramp and take him before a justice of the peace or alderman, whose duty it shall be after hearing the evidence, to discharge or commit the prisoner for trial, as in other cases of misdemeanors.

Section 5 provides that the act shall not apply to any female or minor under sixteen years of age, nor to any blind, deaf or dumb person, nor to any crippled person unable to perform manual labor.

Orangeville Items.

Our several merchants are making a fine exhibit of holiday goods.

G. F. Fleckenstine has bought the lot adjoining the Odd Fellows Hall, and is preparing to build a store room upon it. George is an enterprising chap.

Our town is having another convulsion, all owing to the much talked of railroad. Report has it that the contract for building it had been left to the Collins Bros. of Philadelphia, and the Nolan Bros. of Reading, Pa. I think the reports are premature, as the charter is not completed, nor has the right of way been fully secured. But I am creditably informed, that a body of Philadelphia capitalists have agreed to furnish the funds to build the same, at a pro rata of $12,000 per mile.

Our supervisor of roads made some repairs on our streets last week, for which we are truly thankful. But it was only a bite; try again Bartch.

Niblo was in error in his report in the *Republican* of the dog difficulty. There was no altercation; both Lilley and Blaker claimed the dog. But Jim's right to ownership seemed to be the best as he still has possession.

It is rumored that one of Bloomsburg's enterprising merchants is to wed one of Grangeville's fair daughters about the holidays.

Niblo came down on me with a heavy hand, in his article in the *Republican* a couple of weeks ago. I quote the article:

"I do not tell what I saw in the different store windows, as I do not want to starve the printers, by free advertising for the merchants." How great is your charity Niblo, to starve yourself rather than the printer, for I overheard you say a few weeks ago, that you were going to stop writing, as it didn't pay, and you would starve at it. Charity should begin at home Barney. Look out for yourself and let the printer do likewise.

Leap year is near and so are the ladies' chances. Take advantage of it and chain up some of our bachelors. I overheard one of them say a few days ago that a single man was only half a man, and he was tired of only being a half and was going to get married. He is awfully bashful, girls, and you must be careful or you will frighten off the game. I am prompted to write this article through sympathy for the ladies and this particular bachelor. You may recognize him from the following description. He is of medium height, blue eyes, sandy hair and mustache, and has a habit of carrying his head sidewise.

Our enterprising furniture dealers Messrs. Harman and Conner, are doing a rushing business. They haul goods off to their customers in wagon loads.

Dr. Ammerman has moved in his new house. It presents a very attractive appearance, and is a credit to the Dr's taste, and to our town.

The articles of X. Y. Z. seem to have considerable attraction for our people. It is amusing for me to stand aside and listen to the various comments on the different items, and their guesses who X. Y. Z. is. Victims and all, take the articles good naturedly.

We noticed the pleasant face of F. C. Frederici, the genial proprietor of the Light Street Hotel, in town on Tuesday. Frederici is the young people's friend and is great on furnishing them sport.

X. Y. Z.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JACOB EVANS, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the funds in hands of administrator in the estate of Jacob Evans, deceased, will meet the parties in interest on Friday, January 4th, 1884, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at his office in Bloomsburg, when all persons are requested to present their claims for settlement or be debarred from any share of said fund.

WM. CHRISMAN, Auditor.

dec 14-4w

PENNSYLVANIA.

AN EDITOR, AN ALDERMAN AND A MINE FOREMAN HEARD FROM.

DANVILLE, Pa., Oct. 30, '83.

About 15 months ago I suffered very severely from that terrible disease, catarrh in the head. Hearing Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil recommended, I purchased a bottle and used it according to directions. It was but a short time until I discovered the offensive breath I had been troubled with for several years was passing away, and a very sore throat was cured. We have also used it in our family for rheumatism and can highly recommend it for that. VICTOR A. LOTIER, Editor *Record.*

SCRANTON, Pa., Nov. 9, '83.

I consider Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil the most satisfactory family medicine I have ever used during 17 years of housekeeping. I have used several bottles during the past two years for sprains, burns, cuts, bruises as well as for rheumatism, pains and swellings and in all cases it gave full satisfaction. M. L. BLAIR, Alderman 8th Ward.

SCRANTON, Pa. Nov. 9, '83.

I was afflicted with sore throat, lame back and contraction of the muscles, and in each case received speedy relief by the use of Thomas' Eclectric Oil. I would not be without it, and strongly recommend it to all who are similarly affected. A. GODSHALL, Miss Foreman.

Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is sold everywhere, and guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 11-1 y.

FARMERS' SONS and others wanted at big pay to work near home. Address C. C. PHELPS & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. Dec 14-4w d

HISTORY Grote's Greece $2.70; Macaulay's England, $1.60; Green's England $1.75; Schiller's Thirty Years' War, 40c.; Creasy's Fifteen Decisive Battles, 40c., Carlyle's French Revolution, 80c., Green, Schiller, Creasy, and Carlyle in one, $1.50; Kenrick's Ancient Egypt, $1; Rollin's Ancient History, $2.70; Gibbon's Rome, $1.70; Hume's England, $3.75; Froissart's Chronicles, $1.25. Catalogue 500,000 volumes free. JOHN B. ALDEN, Publisher, P. O. BOX 1227. 18 Vessey street, New York. Dec 14-4w d

GREAT REDUCTION IN LUMBER!!

Having purchased a large tract of hemlock timber and having a steam mill on the same, I am prepared to fill all sizes and lengths of house and barn bills in a few days' notice at very low prices. I also keep constantly on hand a full stock of SHINGLES, LATH, FLOORING, SIDING, &c. Parties will save money by getting prices before purchasing elsewhere.

H. B. LOW, Orangeville, Pa. 12-7-3m.

An Old Soldier's EXPERIENCE.

"Calvert, Texas, May 3, 1882.

"I wish to express my appreciation of the valuable qualities of

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

as a cough remedy.

"While with Churchill's army, just before the battle of Vicksburg, I contracted a severe cold, which terminated in a dangerous cough. I found no relief till on our march we came to a country store, where, on asking for some remedy, I was urged to try AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

"I did so, and was rapidly cured. Since then I have kept the PECTORAL constantly by me, for family use, and I have found it to be an invaluable remedy for throat and lung diseases. J. W. WHITLEY."

Thousands of testimonials certify to the prompt cure of all bronchial and lung affections, by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. Being very palatable, the youngest children take it readily.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., will be sold at Public Sale on the premises, in the township of Mifflin in said county, on

Friday, Dec. 28, 1883.

at 2 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate, late of Jacob Hons, deceased, to-wit: a farm adjoining lands of Abraham Mosteller, Mrs. Phoebe Miller, John Hartzel and others, containing

93 ACRES,

more or less, whereon are erected a two-story stone dwelling house, barn and other outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

Purchaser to pay for deed.

GEO. A HONS, Administrator.

dec 7-ts

"The Press"

THE FOREMOST REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER

FOR THE PRESIDENTIAL YEAR, 1884.

Weekly Press, - - - $1.00 a Year.
Daily Press, - - - $6.00 a Year.

The coming year will be notable. Congress divided between a Republican Senate and a Democratic House, will be busy Presidentmaking. The great battle of Protection against Free Trade will agitate the Capitol and the country. The Presidential campaign will be the hardest fought and most exciting political struggle for a quarter of a century. Europe, in the opinion of the best informed, trembles on the eve of a great war.

What such an outlook a live newspaper which prints all the news and tells the whole truth about it is more than ever a necessity. Such a newspaper is THE PHILADELPHIA PRESS. Telegraph wires in its own office place it in instantaneous communication with a corps of over five hundred news gatherers distributed all over the civilized world. The special cable service which it shares with the New York *Herald* covers every phase of activity in European life. No paper excels it in all the elements which go to make up a broad, full, complete journal.

Besides being a complete newspaper, THE WEEKLY PRESS has several special features which put it at the top. The AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, enriched by constant contributions from the foremost writers in various branches, gives the practical things that people want to know on the farm and in the garden. The HELPING HAND FOR WOMEN or Home Department, edited by Mrs. Kate Upson Clark, is full of information, hints and happy thoughts for every wife, mother and head of a household.

A great feature of the coming year will be the highly valuable letters of JOSEPH D. WEEKS on Wages of Working-men, the general conditions of Labor and the Cost of Living in Europe as compared with America. Mr. Weeks, who had charge of this subject for the Census of 1880, has made it a life study, and has been abroad this year conducting a special investigation. His letters will be to the facts as to earnings in all the various industries, to purchasing power of wages, strikes, trades-unionism, arbitration, etc.

The WEEKLY PRESS is full of choice home reading, with puzzles and other matter for the little folks, stories and pastimes for adults and children, fashion notes, recipes, gleanings from current literature, a careful summary of domestic and foreign news, and an earnest discussion of the great questions of the day.

Sample copies mailed free.

NEW TERMS OF THE PRESS:

By mail, postage free in the U. S. and Canada.

Daily, except Sunday, 50 cts. a month; $6 a year
Daily, including Sunday, 65 cts. a month; $7.50 a year
Sunday Press, $2.00 a year.
Weekly Press, - - $1.00 a Year.

Postal Notes, Checks and Post-Office Orders may be sent at our risk and should be made payable to the order of

THE PRESS CO., Limited, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Test Vend Ex., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Schuylkill county, Pa., to the Sheriff of Columbia county, will be exposed to public sale at auction or outcry, at the Court House in the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa., on

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1883.

At two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, the following described real estate, to-wit: All that certain tract of land situate in Locust twp., Columbia county, Pa., and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: BEGINNING at a stone corner in a line of land now or late of Jacob Wolfe and running from thence by the same north six and three-quarter degrees east seventy-eight and three tenth perches to a stone, thence by land now or late of Henry Herner north three-quarters of a degree east twenty-three and four-tenth perches to white pine stump; thence by the same north forty-two and one-half degrees east eighteen perches to a stone; thence by M. E. meeting house lot south forty-six and three-quarter degrees east five perches to a stone; and north twenty-nine and a half degrees east twelve perches and four-tenths to a stone; thence by land now or late of William Carl and John Herner south seventy-one and a half degrees east forty-one and nine-tenth perches to a stone; thence by land now or late of William Roth and William Yeager south two degrees west one hundred and eight perches to a stone; thence south three and one-half degrees west eight and six-tenth perches to a stone; thence north eighty-two and one-half degrees west thirty-one perches to the place of beginning, CONTAINING forty-four acres and one hundred and nine perches neat measure, be the same more or less. To be sold as the property of Timothy Bolich at the suit of John Woodside & Co.

Terms of sale, cash on striking down of the property. JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

Sheriff's office, Bloomsburg, Nov. 27, 1883. Sheriff. nov. 30

THE SUN.

NEW YORK 1884.

About sixty million copies of *The Sun* have gone out of our establishment during the past twelve months.

If you were to paste end to end all the columns of all the *Suns* printed and sold last year you would get a continuous strip of interesting information, common sense wisdom, sound doctrine, and sane wit long enough to reach from Printing House square to the top of Mount Copernicus in the moon, then back to Printing House square, and then three-quarters of the way back to the moon again.

But the *Sun* is written for the inhabitants of the earth; this same strip of intelligence would girdle the globe twenty-seven or twenty-eight times.

If every buyer of a copy of the *Sun* during the past year has spent only one hour over it, and if his wife or his grandfather has spent another hour, this newspaper in 1883 has afforded the human race thirteen thousand years of steady reading night and day.

It is only by little calculations like these that you can form any idea of the circulation of the most popular of American newspapers, or of its influence on the opinions and actions of American men and women.

The *Sun* is, and will continue to be, a newspaper which tells the truth without fear or consequences, which gets at the facts no matter how much the process costs, which presents the news of all the world without waste of words and in the most readable shape which is working with all its heart for the cause of honest government, and which therefore believes that the Republican party must go, and must go in this coming year of our Lord, 1884.

If you know the *Sun*, you like it already, and you will read it with accustomed diligence and profit during what is sure to be the most interesting year in its history. If you do not yet know the *Sun*, it is high time to get into the sunshine.

Terms to Mail Subscribers.

The several editions of the *Sun* are sent by mail, postpaid, as follows:

DAILY—50 cents a month, $6 a year; with Sunday edition, $7.

SUNDAY—Eight pages. This edition furnishes the current news of the world, special articles of exceptional interest to everybody, and literary reviews of new books of the highest merit. $1 a year.

WEEKLY—$1 a year. Eight pages of the best matter of the daily issues; an Agricultural Department of unequaled value, special market reports, and literary, scientific, and domestic intelligence make the weekly *Sun* the paper for the farmer's household. To clubs of ten with $10 an extra copy free.

Address I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher, Nov. 3-6t THE SUN, N. Y. City.

Clothing! Clothing! Clothing!

G. W. BERTSCH,

THE MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

Gents' Furnishing Goods

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

CLOTHING!!

Having very recently opened a new Merchant Tailoring and Gents' Furnishing Goods Store, in KNORR & WINTERSTEEN'S building, on Main street, where I am prepared to make to order, at short notice, first class suits of clothing—always in the latest styles—and prices reasonable. Fits guaranteed. Having learned how to cut garments to suit customers, and also what kind of material will give satisfaction, I would ask you to please call and examine the

BEST SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS

Ever shown in Columbia county,

Before Purchasing Elsewhere.

Store next door to First National Bank

Corner Main & Market Sts.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

April 13-1

IT WILL PAY YOU

To call, inspect and compare our large and complete stock of

CLOTHING,

BOOTS SHOES, HATS, CAPS

FURNISHING GOODS,

TRUNKS, VALISES,

LADIES' COATS, &c.,

Before purchasing.

HANDSOME PRESENTS

To every Purchaser.

No trouble to show goods.

Every person purchasing of us will receive a numbered ticket, entitling them to a chance in any of the handsome prizes which can now be seen in our windows. Prizes to be awarded on Christmas day. Call and see these prizes and tell your neighbors about them.

Don't forget the place

M. LEVY & CO.

Successor to M. A. LOEB

Kings of the Clothing Trade,

122 WEST FRONT STREET, 122

BERWICK.

OIL WINTERGREEN, PEPPERMINT, ETC.,

Bought for Net Cash, on receipt and approval, without charge for Commission, Brokerage, etc., by

DODGE & OLCOTT,

86 & 88 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

Nov 16-4w r

PIANO AND TABLE COVERS.

The second shipment, consisting of seven cases of our celebrated

TONQUIN TABLE COVERS,

Reached us a few days ago, and are even more handsome (if that is possible) than the first lot which sold so rapidly. We have them in

EIGHT DIFFERENT COLORINGS.

And the following sizes:

5-4, 6-4, 7-4, 8-4, 8-10 & 8-12.

It is almost impossible to praise these goods too highly. The colorings are so rich and effective and the prices so very moderate that they should meet all tastes and suit all purses.

Our stock of

Raw and Spun Silk and Fine Tapestry Table and Piano Covers

Is now complete and comprises the following sizes:

1 1-2, 1 3-4, 2, 2 1-2, 3 yards long.

Our magnificent stock of EMBROIDERED CLOTH PIANO COVERS

Is attracting much attention.

All the goods were manufactured to our order and imported direct.

We have all the latest styles in

PLAIN AND VARIEGATED BORDERS

At very moderate prices. We have them in

4-4, 6-4, 7-4, and 8-4 sizes,

And in all the new designs and colorings. We have also a complete line of

CARDINAL AND TURKEY RED TABLE CLOTHS

In all sizes and grades, with napkins to match.

Strawbridge & Clothier,

Eighth Street. Market Street. Filbert Street.

PHILADELPHIA.

C. B. ROBBINS,

DEALER IN

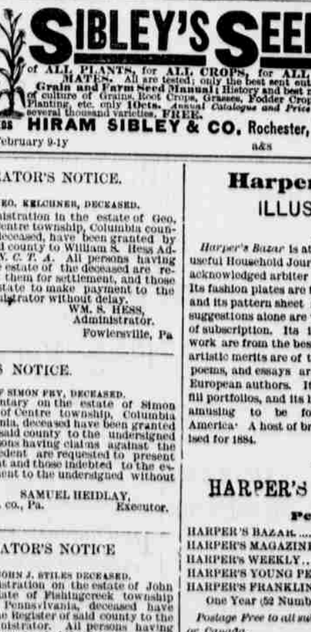
Foreign and Domestic

WINES AND LIQUORS,

AND JOBBER IN CIGARS.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FOR SALE BY C. C. GALIGNAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.



John Wanamaker's Store

The Block from Chestnut to Market Street, and 13th Street to Public Buildings.

Fashionable and Staple Dry Goods and House Furnishings.

SIBLEY'S SEEDS of ALL PLANTS, for ALL CROPS, for ALL CLIMATES. All are tested; only the best sent out. Grain and Farm Seed Manual; History and best methods of culture of Grains, Root Crops, Grasses, Fodder Crops, Tree Planting, etc. only 10cts. Annual Catalogue and Price List of several thousand varieties FREE. SIBLEY'S SEEDS HIRAM SIBLEY & CO. Rochester, N.Y. Chicago, Ill. February 9-1y a&s

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF GEO. KELCHNER, DECEASED.

Letters of administration in the estate of Geo. Kelchner, late of Centre township, Columbia county Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to William S. Hess Administrator *D. B. N. C. T. A.* All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

WM. S. HESS, Administrator, Nov 23 Fowlersville, Pa

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF SIMON FRY, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Simon Fry deceased, late of Centre township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned executor. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

SAMUEL HEIDLAY, Light Street, Col. co., Pa. Executor. Nov 16-6w*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF JOHN J. STILES DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of John J. Stiles deceased, late of Fishingcreek township Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of of the deceased are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

M. A. AMMERMAN, Administrator, Nov 23rd Forks, P. O.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF BENJAMIN BEHME, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution in the hands of the administrator in the estate of Benjamin Behme, late of Locust township, deceased, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Monday, December 31st, 1883, at 9 o'clock, a. m., when and where all parties interested in said estate must appear and present their claims and those indebted to the same to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

H. V. WHITE, dec 7-3t Auditor.

Harper's Bazar. ILLUSTRATED.

Harper's Bazar is at once the most brilliant and useful Household Journal in existence. It is the acknowledged arbiter of fashion in this country. Its fashion plates are the newest and most stylish; and its pattern sheet supplements and economic suggestions alone are worth many times the cost of subscription. Its illustrations of art needlework are from the best sources. Its literary and artistic merits are of the highest order. Its stories, poems, and essays are by the first American and European authors. Its choice art pictures would fill portfolios, and its humorous cuts are the most amusing to be found in any journal in America. A host of brilliant novelties are promised for 1884.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

HARPER'S BAZAR $4 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE 4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY 4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE 1 50
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers) 10 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Volumes of the *Bazar* begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

The last Four Annual Volumes of *Harper's Bazar* in neat Cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume) for $7 00 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chances of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS. Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1883.

Correct Railroad Time Table.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6.36 a. m.	11:45 a. m.
4.06 p. m.	6:13 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:27 a. m.	8:25 a. m.
10:32 a. m.	11:32 a. m.
6.09 p. m.	4:39 p. m.

The 11:45 train south connects with the Philadelphia & Reading at Rupert, and with the Northern Central at Northumberland.

The 8:25 a. m. train connects at Northumberland with the 9:25 train on Pennsylvania road, reaching Philadelphia at 3.15 p. m.

The 11:45 train connects with Philadelphia and Reading road at Rupert at 11:5) reaching Philadelphia at 6:00 p. m.

The 11:45 train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 1:45, reaching Philadelphia at 7:25 p. m.

The 4:30 p. m. train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 8.05 p. m., and reaches Philadelphia at 3:05 a. m.

—o—

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:41 a. m.	12:01 p. m.
6.31 p. m.	7:07 p. m.

Personal.

Judge Krickbaum was in town on business on Monday and Tuesday.

John B. Shultz, of Rohrsburg, was among our callers on Monday.

C. B. Jackson, Esq., of Berwick, was looking after the interests of his clients in court this week.

Miss Jennie Holbrook, of Stroudsburg, Pa., formerly of this town, is visiting Mrs. F. P. Billmeyer.

Geo. H. Brown still continues about the same. There are no signs of improvement.

Holiday Offer.

Any person sending us five new subscribers to this paper with the cash, will be presented with a copy of the History of Columbia county worth $2.50.

Any subscriber new or old can secure the paper for one year and a copy of the History of Columbia county for $3.50. This offer is good only until January 1st 1884.

Diaries for 1884 at the COLUMBIAN store.

Berwick will have a fantastic parade on Christmas day.

FOR SALE.—A steam engine nearly new, six horse power. Inquire at this office.

Advance agents of public entertainments should make it a point to call on Deacon Tubbs while in our town.

Baird's Minstrels will appear at the Opera House on the evening of December 21st.

Dr. Monroe will preach next Sunday at Rupert at 3 o'clock p. m., also at 7 o'clock p. m.

Benjamin Hagenbuch died last Friday aged about 55 years. He was buried on Sunday.

The deer season ends on the 15th inst. It is a criminal offense to have venison in your possession after that date.

The "Jersey Shirt!" The Jersey Shirt! Fine underclothing. A full line at David Lowenberg's.

Call and see the new stock of hats soft and stiff just received at David Lowenberg's.

The Philologian Society has recently placed a handsome new book case in its hall at the Normal School.

The Penna. R. R. Co. has opened a ticket office in Bloomsburg for the sale of Western tickets. For tickets and other information apply to W. C. McKinney.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Yost will celebrate the tenth anniversary of their wedding at their home at Rupert, on Saturday December 15th.

J. H. Maize has sold his interest in the Lightstreet paper mill to a Baltimore party. Mr. Shew will remain a partner in the new firm.

NOTICE.—The undersigned near Rohrsburg, has 200 or 300 or more good young chestnut fencing posts which he will sell cheap. JOHN W. KRAMER. 2w.

The barn of Mrs. Reuben Miller, near Berwick, was burned on Saturday night with all its contents. Loss, $2500, insurance $1600. It is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

Holmes & Schuyler have a large stock of skates for the Holiday trade. Skaters will save themselves much annoyance by making their selections early, while the assortment of sizes is complete. 2w

We have made arrangements to print cuts of prominent men of the day, with short biographical sketches, and we start in this week with a portrait of Speaker Carlisle.

FOR SALE.—A good house, barn, mill and 12 acres of land. For further information inquire of the undersigned near Rohrsburg Columbia Co. Pa.

7-4w* JOHN B. SHULTZ.

HO, FOR CHRISTMAS!—Just received another fine lot of night-singing imported canaries from Hartz mountains. Also all kinds of fancy as well as common cages, at A. Solieder's. 14-3w*

An organization known as the Susquehanna Social Society has been formed by a number of young men in this town. They have rented Knorr & Wintersteen's hall for the season, and held their first sociable last Friday night.

If you are in need of a first class watch in either gold or silver cases, at a figure lower than ever, call at L. Bernhard's jewelry store. Also a large line of silverware, jewelry, gold spectacles, &c. All warranted.

A few fine steel engravings on heavy card board 30x40 inches, are for sale at the COLUMBIAN store. Having taken them on an advertising contract we will dispose of them at a very low figure, and as the number is limited the early callers will secure the bargains.

With the present term of court Robert R. Little, Esq., who has been District Attorney of this county for the past six years finished his official labors. He has made a faithful officer and has performed his duty to the satisfaction of the public and without fear or favor. His successor, Robert Buckingham, will be sworn in next month.

The dedication of the Evangelical church in Greenwood, two miles west of Rohrsburg, will take place on Sunday, December 30th, 1883. Services to begin at 10 o'clock a. m., also preaching on the evening of the 29th. Rev. S. W. Seibert, P. E., of the district, and several other ministers will be present to officiate. All are cordially invited to attend.

Wm. Custer, while hunting in Hartman's woods near Light Street one day last week, kicked against a pile of leaves hoping to start a rabbit, but to his surprise discovered a heap of corn ears carefully covered and concealed. Upon inquiring it was found to belong to ex-Sheriff Hoffman, from whose field near by it had been taken. Mr. H. hauled the corn to his crib, but we think he made a mistake in not watching for the party who might have come to complete the theft. Mr. Hoffman was relieved of six fine turkeys and a fifty-pound sack of flour the same week.

No more acceptable holiday gift can be found than a copy of the History of Columbia county. Every subscriber to this paper should take advantage of our Holiday offer printed at the head of the first column of this page, and secure the work at a reduced price. We will send the book to any address on receipt of $2.50, postpaid, or for $3.50 will send the book and the COLUMBIAN for one year to any person residing in this county. Write to Elwell & Bittenbender, Bloomsburg, Pa. 3t

NOTICE TO TAX COLLECTORS.—An Act of the Legislature and approved June 2nd 1881, (see Pamphlet laws page 45,) requires tax collectors, township and borough officers to make returns of seated and unseated lands to the County Commissioner's on or before the first day of January next. Lands upon which no property can be found from which to take taxes from, those who fail to make returns by said day will be held for such loss. Taxes so returned become a lien against the property so returned. We have blanks on which these returns are to be made and will furnish them upon application of collectors.

JOHN B. CASEY, Com's, Clerk.
Com's office, Nov. 1st. 1883. nov 16-tf

A Fine Piece of Work.

The ladies of the Episcopal Church will offer for sale at their fair this Friday and Saturday evenings a Japanese quilt which, is an exquisite piece of handiwork. It is composed of 36 squares, and each square is made up of small pieces of silk of every shade and of irregular shapes. As the squares were made by different ladies no two of them bear the slightest resemblance to each other. The quilt is a very desirable one to possess, and it ought to bring a good round price.

The stock of overcoats for little boys new, neat, and nice; call and see them at Lowenbergs.

Fall Fashion Quarterly.

Send 15 cents to Strawbridge & Clothier, for the Autumn *Quarterly*; 120 pages; 1000 illustrations; 42 valuable articles on subjects of interest to ladies; also, a dress-makers' page. Every description of dry goods illustrated and priced, for shoppers by mail. The music by W. W. Gilchrist, the celebrated composer, is alone worth double the price of the book. Yearly subscription, 50 cents; 25 cents for six months. Subscribe now nov 2-6t

Fair and Supper.

The members of the several guilds of St. Paul's Episcopal church will hold a fair and supper in Moyer Bros.' building, Main street below Market, in the room formerly occupied by J. Saltzer as a music store, on the evenings of Friday and Saturday and Saturday afternoon of this week. An excellent supper can be procured for 35 cents, or you can order your oysters and other delicacies on the European plan. A large number of aprons will be offered for sale, also a variety of fancy articles, and a beautiful silk bed quilt. Considerable time has been spent in preparation for this fair, and it is to be hoped that the results may amply repay all who have given their attention to it. The proceeds will be placed in a fund to be expended in the erection of a new Sunday school room, which is greatly needed by this congregation.

The latest style of soft hat, the "Knox Hat."

Fedora—Fedora—Fedora—

The hat of the season at Lowenberg's.

Mysterious Disappearance.

Miss Nellie Cooley mysteriously disappered from her River street home some time during Sunday and it is feared that she has taken her life. She was an accomplished young lady of some 25 years of age, and since childhood had made her home with the Rutter family, her mother, the late Louise Dunlop, having been a daughter of the first Mrs. Rutter. Miss Cooley was last seen shortly before midnight, at which time a member of the family entered her room and found her apparently making preparations to retire. This belief was further strengthened by the fact that she was heard to lock her door. In the morning the young lady was missing and it was learned she had not retired, her bed not being disarranged. The following note was discovered in her room:

"I will no longer be a burden on my friends and relations. So I go to seek rest in oblivion." NELLIE.

The note naturally led to the fear that she had taken her life and parties were dispatched up and down the river banks to see if any trace of her could be found. It is supposed she left the house attired in an evening wrapper, a street shawl and light slippers. Inquiry at the stations and various roads leading out of town elicited no news. It was hoped that tidings would come from some direction that she had gone to the country and would be found safe and sound beneath the kindly roof of out-of-town acquaintances, but as the day passed on this hope became less and less. Several persons were engaged to drag the river and work was prosecuted during the day and into the moonlight hours of last night, but without success. Miss Cooley was a young lady of superior mind and graduated at the Bloomsburg State Normal School at the age of 17. She was devoted to literary pursuits and is the author of many meritorious pencilings, both in prose and poetry. Her health began to fail two or three years ago and her sight became so impaired that she has been unable to read and study, these facts being a source of great mental distress, so ambitious was she to engage in reading and writing. It was noticeable many months ago that her mind was affected by the ravages of her physical trouble and everything was done that could possibly avert the catastrophe. Careful attendants waited upon her, both at home and at summer resorts, and for the last few weeks she had been apparently so much better as to warrant the dismissal of an attendant and at her request to trust her to her own inclinations. There has of late been nothing to indicate that she contemplated any rash act, her increasingly cheerful manner rather indicating a general improvement in both mind and body. Though it is almost hoping against hope, there is a possibility that the young lady has made her way out of town, in which event she must be heard from before many hours. Miss Cooley was of most companionable qualities, and she has a wide circle of intimate friends who will receive this intelligence with a sadness, sincere and heartfelt. —*Wilkes-Barre Record.*

Fur collars, fur gloves, caps, fine sealskin caps, skating, drawing and all the novelties can be found at D. Lowenberg's.

Grand Sale at Milton.

On Thursday, December 20th, 1883, will be sold at public sale, one of the largest stocks of Spring Wagons, Carriages, Buggies, Sleighs, &c., ever offered in this section of the State. The lot comprises some of the lightest, finest and best finished work ever turned out in Central Penna.—remember this important fact. This will be the largest stock of rigs ever offered at a single sale in this section, and all will positively be sold. All in want of rigs should not fail to attend this great sale.

W. K. WEITMAN,
7-2t Milton Pa.

Millin Items.

Thrashing is the business of the day—in barns.

A party of about seventy persons was the surprise of Michael Heller on Friday evening. Oysters also made their appearance and disappearance.

E. L. Kikendall has lately purchased a Belmont organ of Swank & Snyder. The instrument has a rich, full tone, and the case is a new design.

A social "hop" was enjoyed a few evenings ago at R. Seybert's. But some of the boys took too much "benzine inwardly."

Mr. Wm. Satteson and Miss Sue Snyder, of Milton, were the guests of Wm. Snyder recently.

The Quarterly Meeting of the Evangelical Church convened at Hetlersville church, on Saturday and Sunday. Rev. Seybert, of Perry county, conducted the exercises.

Miss Carrie Hetler, of the Bloomsburg Normal School, visited her uncle, M. B. Hetler, on Saturday, returning on Monday.

The Kikendall Sunday school closed on Sunday.

The prop business has a "mash."

We expect to give account of a number of weddings soon. The boys are getting their old tin buckets ready.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting of Council was held Wednesday, December 6th.

Mr. Rabb, on behalf of committe on lamp posts, reported that the post and lamp at D. L. & W. R. R. did not belong to the town, they therefore refused to locate the same. Report accepted.

Mr. Sterling, on behalf of committee to receive subscriptions for the sewer, reported that he could not get any to subscribe. Committee discharged.

Mr. Waller, on behalf of right of way for sewer system, reported that he obtained a release from L. B. Rupert and wife and M. C. Sloan and wife and C. P. Sloan and wife. Committee continued.

Mr. Rabb moved that all bids for trenching and filling and hauling pipe as presented November 30, 1883, be rejected. Yeas and nays being called vote was as follows: Yeas, Hasser', Rabb and Sterling; nays, Waller.

On motion, the agreements between the town of Bloomsburg and the Bloomsburg State Normal School and the Commissioners of Columbia County, relative to the construction of sewers, were approved and the president and secretary authorized to sign the same. Said agreements to be embodied on minutes and filed.

On motion the Moorhead slip glazed vitrified pipe was directed to be used in the construction of a system of sewerage for the town of Bloomsburg.

On motion the size of pipe to be used on Market and Second streets, from 6th street to iron street, was fixed at 8 inches.

In the matter of obstruction of run on Seventh street near lots of C. W. Miller was referred to the town solicitor.

On motion the price for laying and cementing, 6, 8, and 10 inch sewer pipe was fixed at 3cts a joint, including all y's and bends and capping of y's. The price for hauling pipe was fixed at 1 cent per joint.

On motion of Mr. Sterling and seconded by Mr. Rabb the secretary of Council was instructed to notify the Bloomsburg Water Company that complaint has been made by the Chief Engineer of fire company that some of the fire plugs are out of repair and that the said Water Company be requested to put the same in proper order. Motion carried.

On motion the following resolution was passed: *Resolved*, That the price for digging and filling the sewer trenches in the town of Bloomsburg be fixed at 30cts. per lineal yard on Market street from Sixth street to Second. On Second, from Market street to East street at 45cts. per lineal yard. And from East street to Normal School building at 18cts. per lineal yard.

On motion of Mr. Waller and seconded by Mr. Rabb the following resolution was unanimously passed: *Resolved*, That provision is hereby authorized to be made by the town of Bloomsburg for such further sum of money as may be needed for the construction and completion of the sewer in accordance with the plans adopted in connection with the moneys agreed to be paid to the town by the Bloomsburg Literary Institute and State Normal School and Columbia county. That such moneys are hereby directed to be applied to the construction of said sewer in payment of expenses of construction as the work proceeds.

On motion D. R. Coffman was appointed as police officer for the town of Bloomsburg.

The following bills were passed and orders drawn for the same.

BILLS PASSED DEC. 5 1883.

STREET COMMISSIONERS BILL.

C. R. Housel, street commissioner for Nov. 1883,	$26 25
Joseph Townsend, labor on highway Nov.	3 00
Oliver Farnwald, labor on highway	11 87
Elijah Shutt, " " "	9 4
John Gillaspy, " " "	5 00
James McCormick, labor on highway	2 60
Frederick Schwinn, horse and wagon on highway	10 00
Total	$59 66

MISCELLANEOUS BILL.

M. C. Woodward, police constable service for Nov.	$10 33
S. W. Shutt et al police service for Nov.	5 00
W. C. Evans, for making four troughs, lumber, &c.	5 56
W. S. Rhodomoyer, for oiling leather hose	6 00
O. A. Jacoby, for stone for crossing	35 21
Harman & Hassert, lumber, bolts, &c.,	8 34
C. M. Vanderslice for advertising	14 00
Secretary for Nov.	15 00

An adjourned meeting of council was held Monday December 10, 1883.

On motion of Mr. Rabb and Hassert the following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That the resolution passed on the 5th of December fixing the price for digging and filling the sewer trenches, be reconsidered, and that the price be as follows: The price of digging the trench from Sixth street to Second street on Market street be fixed at 30 cents for digging and 6 cents for filling per lineal yard From Market street to East street on Second street 45 cents for digging and 10 cents for filling per lineal yard, and from East street to Normal School building 30 cents for digging trench and 5 cents for filling per lineal yard.

On motion the following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That the location of the main sewer as by resolution adopted November 27, be changed and the amended location be as follows: From Normal School down Second street to Market street, down Market street to Sixth street, out Sixth street to Iron street, down Iron to the canal and from thence to the Susquehanna river. Upon the yeas and nays being called the result was as follows: Yeas Messrs. Rabb, Sterling and Hassert, nays, Waller.

Council adjourned to meet Thursday December 13th.

For The Holidays.

Every year seems to produce a new demand for Holiday gifts, and this demand has led to the manufacture of innumerable articles of use and ornamentation, which multiplies annually. The display of goods suitable for Christmas presents in Bloomsburg this year fully equals, if it does not surpass, any previous year. A tour of inspection is well worth one's time. Starting in at

L. W. HARTMAN & SON'S,

the eye is first attracted by the tasteful display of West's statuary in one of the show windows; the opposite window is filled with handkerchiefs of all sizes, shapes and colors. Stepping inside one finds it very difficult to choose from among the large stock that is spread out on the counters, shelves, and everywhere. Japanese goods, children's books in great variety, scrap, photo and autograph albums, a fine assortment of Christmas cards, books, games and thousands of other articles, present a tempting sight, and make one wish for a full pocket book.

Passing up the street the show windows of

L. W. M'KELVY

next attract attention, with their profusion of laces, fine cloths, ladies' cloaks, handkerchiefs, &c. Inside is found the usual large stock of dry goods, and the full assortment constantly kept in this extensive establishment.

On the other side of the street

G. W. BERTSCH

exhibits a well selected stock of gents' furnishing goods, cloths and cassimeres to make suits to order, hats, gloves, &c.

F. D. DENTLER

shows gents' furnishing goods, boots and shoes for everybody.

G. A. CLARK

has opened the Holiday season with his usual large and well-selected stock of fine goods, which it would be almost useless to attempt to enumerate. Christmas cards traveling cases, writing desks, jewel boxes, inkstands, books of all kinds and fancy articles, are among the most prominent. Go and see them for yourself.

F. P. BILLMEYER

exhibits glassware, fine china goods, and for the inner man has a great assortment of provisions and groceries which are necessary in the make-up of a complete Christmas dinner.

At

CLARK & SOX'S

another feast is prepared for the eyes. Ask for most anything you want and they can supply you. They have dry goods, books, dolls, Japanese goods, bric-a-brac, silverware, albums, mirrors in plush frames, toys, hand bags, fancy soap; in fact, it would take less time to tell what they have not got. Their large rooms are overflowing with goods and customers. Their front windows attract much attention.

BERNHARD, THE JEWELER

displays silverware, watches, clocks and a general line of jewelry. Anything not kept in stock by him can be procured from leading city houses on a few days' notice.

SAVAGE & CO.

also have a fine line of jewelry, silverware, &c.

D. LOWENBERG,

the leading clothier, is ready with an enormous stock for his many customers, and can supply all wants in the clothing line from hat down to stockings. A full line of gents' furnishing goods, suits ready-made, or made to order, buffalo robes, seal caps, trunks, valises, jewelry, &c., &c.

LUTZ & SLOAN

show fine laces, silks, plushes, velvets, ribbons, jewelry, fancy articles, fine dress goods, and their usual stock of dry goods is now fuller than ever. The ladies cannot fail to find something that will please them at this store.

EVANS & EYER

have a nice stock of gents' furnishing goods, hats, caps, clothing, and are prepared to make suits to order in the latest styles.

J. H. KINPORTS,

the up-town druggist, exhibits some fine goods in the stationery line, embracing books, albums, fancy boxes of different kinds; also toilet sets, perfumery bottles, vases, &c.

Among the other places where goods suitable for gifts may be found are Moyer Bros., who have toilet sets, perfumery bottles, and other fancy articles; N. J. Hendershott and C. A. Kleim, about the same line; Cadman and Correll, furniture.

The up-town merchants, C. C. Marr, I. K. Miller and J. B. Skeer, each show general stocks of merchandise, and offer many inducements to customers, in quality and price.

W. H. GILMORE

has an extensive stock that will please the children. Toys up stairs and down stairs, and all over the house. It looks as though Santa Claus had driven his reindeers in there and dumped his load. No place in town offers more attractions for the little ones, and gifts purchased there will be sure to make their little hearts glad.

If you are looking for a more expensive present for your wife or daughter go to

J. SALTZER'S

and buy an organ, a piano or a sewing machine. He always keeps a large number on hand to select from.

Finally, go to the stores and see the displays, and you will agree with us that the Holiday goods were never prettier or more numerous than now.

A Good Mechanical Paper.

We are in receipt of the *Mechanical News* for December 1st, and are pleased to say that it is one of the best illustrated papers that comes to our editorial table. It is a handsome sixteen-page Journal, with fine original engravings, and well worth the subscription price asked for it. On the first page of the number before us are several life-like pictures, representing the growing of grapes and their manufacture into wine, as carried on in central New York; these pictures are only one of a series that have been given during the past year of the Industrial Manufactures of the country, and which are to be continued the coming year. Such enterprise shows that the publishers of the *News* are alive to the wants of their readers.

Those of our readers who want a first-class practical mechanical paper, can hardly do better than subscribe for the same. Sample copies are furnished by the publishers, Messrs. James Leffel & Co., No. 110 Liberty St., New York, on application. Their subscription terms are one dollar per year. They offer good inducements for those who get up clubs.

We mention below some of the articles suitable for Christmas gifts to be found at the COLUMBIAN store: Photo Albums, Autograph Albums, Scrap Books, Pocket Books, Diaries for 1884, Cigar cases, Prayer Books and Hymnals, Book of Worship, Paper Weights, Ink Stands, Colored Toy Books for Children, Chatterbox, Little Wide-awake, Bible Stories illustrated by Dore, Work Boxes, Glove and Handkerchief boxes, Writing Desks, Jewel Cases, Boxed papers in great variety, Checker boards and a large assortment of Puzzles and Games and Christmas cards.

Centralia Letter.

The Locust Mountain Water Company have suspended operations at Brush Valley for the winter season. The majority of the Hungarians employed there left for Tyrone, to work on the new railroad.

A young man named Harnan had his hand severely mashed at Continental colliery on Friday of last week.

A Polander boarding with one of his countrymen, got tired of the mines and left for the West a few days ago. Before starting, however, he left Mine Host minus $141 in cash, a watch and a suit of clothes, which were locked in a trunk in his room. Nothing has been heard of him since.

The Methodists contemplate holding a fair during the Holidays. We wish them success.

Saturday being the Feast of the Immaculate Conception, it was held by the Catholics. The collieries were idle in consequence.

A special train left the Lehigh Valley depot at 7:15 Saturday evening with the fifty-six members of the choral choir, and about one hundred who went to hear them sing. The Mt. Carmel people do not seem to appreciate a musical concert, as the audience was composed mostly of Centralia people. The inclemency of the weather is given by a Mt. Carmel party for the slim attendance. This may all be, but they missed a treat the like of which will not visit Mt. Carmel this season.

A beautiful new engine made its first trip through here on Monday. It was built at Delano, and is a fine piece of workmanship.

Martin Lynan was bruised considerably about the head, on Thursday, by being struck with a brake stick at the Centralia mine.

A squib factory will be erected in Ashland shortly, by Mr. Eltringham and others. We would like to see some of our moneyed men do some thing that would benefit the town. What should it be?

Our townsman, C. G. Murphy, lost an interesting eight months' old boy on Saturday. Interment took place on Monday afternoon. This is the fifth son Mr. Murphy has buried. He has the heartfelt sympathy of the community.

Quite an excitement was caused at Loganville on Saturday evening. A thirteen year old son of Mr. Evans went on the mountain gunning early in the morning, and did not return at night time. Mr. Evans thinking he had accidentally shot himself, was almost distracted with grief. A party of men with lighted torches scoured the mountain till morning, firing shots at short intervals thinking the lad might hear them. At daybreak they returned home for breakfast and set out again. They found him at last sitting on a rock on the top of the mountain fourteen miles from home. He was completely exhausted. The joy of the parents, on finding him, can be better imagined than described.

Sheriff Mourey, Prothonotary Krickbaum and Hon. T. J. Vanderslice paid a visit to our town on Sunday. They were the guests of Hon. Wm. Bryson.

Miss Gallagher, of East Mines, and Mr. Gallagher, of New York, are visiting friends in town.

The shooting-match between Curry and Pitts came off on Saturday, and was witnessed by hundreds of people. Pitts won by one bird, shooting ten out of sixteen.

J. J. Cook has gone out of barbering business, and accepted a position as agent for a sewing machine company.

Mrs. B. Burke has moved her millinery goods to Staudenmeir's building. She has received a beautiful stock of goods from New York, which she would like the public to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Mrs. Farnsworth, of San Francisco, Cal., is the guest of Mrs. C. G. Murphy.

The employees of the L. V. R. R. Co., received their wages on Saturday.

The Diamond Drill Company have finished boring and will drill another hole about one hundred feet south of the one they have finished.

The collieries in this vicinity have started to work on the nine-hour system, to continue during the winter months.

LOCAL NOTICES.

After reading our new advertisement in this paper this week we do not think any one need feel at a loss to select for a present for friend or relative, and after seeing our immense stock we know they will not. Our stock of Holiday Goods is large and complete, and the most critical can not fail to find something to please them. Clark & Son.

GREAT DISPLAY OF CHRISTMAS GOODS AT I. W. HARTMAN & SON'S.

We have goods enough for all from the least to the greatest, for rich and poor, for ladies and gents, for boys and girls, for children and infants, for those who will come from Catawissa, Berwick, Rupert, Espy, Afton, Lime Ridge, Light Street, Orangeville, Benton, Stillwater, Rhorsburg, Jerseytown, Millville, Iola, Eyer Grove, Buck Horn, &c., and for those who come to us from the townships, farmers, blacksmiths, carpenters, and everybody all over the county. I. W. Hartman & Son.

We are offering some decided bargains in black and colored dress silks for the Holidays. They make nice presents. Clark & Son.

See Lutz & Sloan's stock of towels, napkins and table linens for Christmas presents.

1000 handkerchiefs, 5c to $2.00, at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Christmas presents at C. E. Savage & Co's Jewelry Store consisting of gold watches, silver watches, clocks, diamond, turquoise, tiger eye, and all the latest stone rings. Plain and band rings, ear rings, lace pins, chains, lockets, &c. Silver ware of all kinds. Call and examine. 3 w.

Lutz & Sloan have a large stock of shawls, skirts, blankets and white counterpanes suitable for Christmas presents.

1000 books for Christmas presents at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

If you are in need of shoes call at W. J. Kendig's, in Evans' building.

Cheap underwear at J. B. Skeer's.

1000 Christmas cards at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Ladies' misses' and children's shoes in endless variety, at W. J. Kendig's.

Have you seen I. W. Hartman & Son's window of stationery for Christmas presents.

When you come to Bloomsburg call at W. J. Kendig's, where you are sure to get bargains.

Gents' fine shoes at W. J. Kendig's.

Lutz & Sloan do not keep toys, but you can get Christmas presents of them that are useful, and will be sure to please your friends.

Boots of all kinds at W. J. Kendig's, Evans' building.

Cheap queensware at J. B. Skeer's.

Black silks, black cashmeres and a large stock of other dress goods, very cheap, at Lutz & Sloan's.

Go to day, go to-morrow, go when you can and see I. W. Hartman & Son's Christmas presents.

A large force of men has been employed this week in digging trenches for the sewer pipe on Market and Main streets. No improvement has been made in this town for many years that has added as much to the general comfort and health of the place as the establishment of a sewerage system will do. Of course, it will take some years to complete the system, but no better time for beginning could have been adopted than the present, when cess pools are multiplying and the water becoming defiled.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Wolcott, N. Y., April 5, 1882.

Rheumatic Syrup Co:

Gents—Having been afflicted with the Rheumatism over eight months in my left hip, at times so I could not get a night's rest, or even lie on that side on account of such pains running through my hip and down my limb, the Rheumatic Syrup was recommended. After taking one bottle the pain left me, and I could lie on that side as well as ever. I have felt no symptoms of rheumatism since. I think as a rheumatic cure it has no equal.

A. B. THACKER, Merchant.
Butler Center, N. Y.

Rheumatic Syrup Co:

Gentlemen—I think it my duty to recommend your wonderful medicine—Rheumatic Syrup. I have been troubled with kidney difficulty for many years; have been treated by different physicians, but could get only temporary relief until I commenced taking your Syrup. Had taken it but a short time before it began to help me, and to-day I am perfectly well.

MRS. L. A. HIBBARD.

CONVINCING.

The proof of the pudding is not in chewing the string, but in having an opportunity to test the article direct. C. A. Kleim, the Druggist, has a free trial bottle of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup for each and every one who is afflicted with Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption or any Lung Affection. July 6-eow

A DUTY I OWE.

Williamsport, Pa., Dec. 21, 1882.

JOHN. H. PHELPS, Scranton, Pa., Dear Sir—I feel it my duty to inform you how much good you have done me through your Rheumatic Elixir. I have been a very bad sufferer with Inflammatory Rheumatism for over two years, half of the time not able to walk without crutches or canes. I have used three bottles of your Rheumatic Elixir. I pronounce myself entirely cured of rheumatism when all other remedies and treatment failed to give relief. And I am in better health now than I have been for years. I hope your circulars with their wonderful testimonials, will reach every sufferer with that terrible disease, rheumatism, and may encourage them to give the Rheumatic Elixir a thorough trial. I can recommend the Rheumatic Elixir with great confidence.

I am respectfully yours,
J. H. ARNOLD.

Forty years experience, in every clime on earth, has proved Ayer's Cherry Pectoral to be the most reliable remedy for colds, coughs, and all lung diseases. Neglected colds often become incurable ailments. Deal with them in time, and prevent their becoming deep-seated in the system

"THE BOSS."

Bethlehem, Pa., July 3, 1882.

Mr. JOHN H. PHELPS, Dear sir—Please send me three dozen Phelp's Rheumatic Elixir soon as possible. I have sold all I had. Mr. D. J. Godshalk, editor "Daily Times," Bethlemen, is taking it. He says I could tell my customers it is the "boss" medicine for rheumatism. Yours, etc.,

E. T. MEYERS, Druggist.

Conyers, Ga.—Dr. W. H. Lee says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is a good medicine and many are using it in this place."

CAUSE OF FAILURE.

Want of confidence accounts for half of the business failures of to-day. C. A. Kleim, the Druggist, is not liable to fail for the want of confidence in Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup, for he gives away a bottle free to all who are suffering with Cough, Colds, Asthma, Consumption and all affections of the Throat and Lungs. July 6-eow

GRAPE JUICE FOR COMMUNION.

The grape crop of A Speer's vineyards last year was double that of any previous year. His vineyards near Passaic have so increased that he is able to keep a stock five to six years ahead. They have become popular wines among the best physicians in New York, and largely used for Communion purposes and for weak and aged persons. For sale by druggists.

WHAT WILL STOP MY COUGHING AT NIGHT? Guarantee Acker's English Remedy will. Price 10c., 50c., & $1.

Editor James P. Barr, of the Pittsburg "Post," says: "I have known Editor Rauch, of the 'Carbon County (Pa.) Democrat,' to be a fearful sufferer from Rheumatism for years, and have met him in person since he was cured with Phelps' Rheumatic Elixir."

Walterboro, S. C.,—Dr. J. M. Klein says: "Brown's Iron Bitters have given universal satisfaction."

See a woman in another column, near Speer's Vineyards, picking grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession, for the use of invalids, weakly persons and the aged.

Sold by C. A. Kleim, Bloomsburg.
sept 22-1y

EPILEPSY OF NINE YEARS.

"I thank the giver of all good gifts," writes J. N. Marshall, of Granby, Newton Co., Mo., "for giving me *Samaritan Nervine*. It cured my daughter's epileptic fits, of 9 years standing." Get at druggists. $1.50.

Not a drink, not sold in bar-room, but a reliable, non-alcoholic tonic medicine, useful at all times, and in all seasons, is Brown's Iron Bitters.

We do think the Phelps Rheumatic Elixir is the most valuable proprietary medicine ever compounded, and we are confident that this will be the testimony of hundreds of thousands more in the near future.—E. H. RAUCH, editor "Carbon County (Pa.) Democrat. For sale at Hendershott's Pharmacy.

THUNDER IT DOWN THE AGES,

That for lameness, for rheumatism, for aches, for pains, and for sprains *Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil* is a positive and reliable remedy. *Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil* can be purchased of any druggist.

NO LONGER A QUESTION of opinion, we guarantee every box of Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. Price 25c. and 50c. For sale by J. H. Kinports, druggist.

EVERYBODY KNOWS IT.

When you have the Itch, Salt Rheum, Galls, or Skin Eruptions of any kind, and the Piles, that you know without being told of it. C. A. Kleim, the druggist, will sell you Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy for 50 cents, which affords immediate relief, and is a sure cure for either of the above diseases. July 6-eow

ALL ADMIRE A HANDSOME FACE.

A pure, clear skin will make any face handsome. Manifestly anything which strengthens and enriches the blood will directly affect the whole person. All eruptions of the skin disappear when *Burdock Blood Bitters* are employed. They are a vegetable remedy of inestimable value.

A THOROUGH COURSE of Acker's Blood Elixir will remove all taint from the blood. It cures Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils and Pimples. Sold by J. H. Kinports, druggist.

POSTMASTER SAM'L A. HEWITT,

Of Monterey, Mich., delivers himself in this wise: "For colds, burns, sore throat, and rheumatism, *Thomas' Eclectric Oil* cannot be beaten. I say keep it up to the standard, and it will satisfy the people. I shall send for a new supply soon."

TO REPAIR DAMAGES.

Dear lady, there is probably no use telling you that fashionable life in a great city is a rough one on your beauty. Late hours, loss of sleep and mental excitement will leave you by and by shorn of those beautiful tresses which drew lovers around you in other years. Artificial substitutes can never pass for those rich and glossy locks. Parker's Hair Balsam will stop your hair from falling out, restore its natural color and softness, and prove cleansing and beneficial to the scalp.

A SPECIFIC FOR THE BLOOD, AND A Positive Cure FOR RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO.

An infallible remedy for all diseases of the Skin and Blood, such as Tetter, Ringworm, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples & Blotches, and is the best Remedy for all Female Complaints and Weaknesses. It has cured diseases of the Liver and Kidneys when all other remedies have failed.

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The Country's Growth.

WHAT UNITED STATES MAY BE FIFTY YEARS HENCE.—POSSIBILITIES AND DANGERS OF THE FUTURE.

The following from the Chicago *Inter Ocean* will furnish food for reflection and speculation: It is estimated that the United States will contain 150,000,000 people fifty years hence. The natural increase of population, as judged by the tables of the past, in conjunction with the swelling tide of immigration from Europe, will accomplish this marvel of national growth. When future historians record the fact that the American colonies, with 3,000,000 people, developed into a republic of 150,000,000 in a century and a half, it will read like a tale of the Arabian Nights. Rome at its zenith had no such population, nor one so homogeneous in language, spirit, intelligence and aspiration. This will be the mightiest republic of all history. Figures alone fail to convey an adequate idea of its probable vastness and power. Its population will be equal to that of the German Empire, France, Spain, Belgium, Switzerland, Italy and Australia combined. It will be a match in war for the whole of Europe or for any other quarter of the globe. In the achievements of peace it promises to exceed any nation extant, or that ever rose to wealth and splendor.

There is a point, however, beyond which growth of population cannot pass without proving a curse. China would be a stronger nation to-day with half her present population, and with a more general diffusion of wealth and intelligence. When human beings become so thick that they must heard in cellars like animals, or dwell on rafts on the water like rats or beavers, and when law-makers can no longer treat infanticide as a crime, the limit of healthy growth has been passed. Density of population is no longer a source of strength, but of weakness and alarm. Lord Bacon commends the plan of Henry VII., "To maintain such a proportion of land that it may breed a subject to live in convenient plenty, and in no servile condition; and to keep the plow in the hands of the owners, and not in the hands of hirelings." This is the true theory, and should not be forgotten when the imagination is fired by the panorama of national grandueur soon to be presented on this continent, for if our nation is destined to exceed any nation of Europe in population its cities will also attain unexampled size. Is there danger that we shall soon begin to have too many people?

A glance at statistics indicates that the time for such forebodings is yet remote. In no country of Europe is there more general content and prosperity than in France, and yet, if the area of the United States were as densely settled as that of France, there would be room here for 680,000,000 people. Extensive regions of the Pacific coast are at present not adapted for agricultural pursuits, but they can be rendered rich and fruitful by irrigation, and they abound in mineral deposits of every description, iron included, which would afford employment and support to large populations. When Alaska has been peopled anp the main portion of the Union becomes somewhat crowded, Canada, Mexico and South America offer suitable outlets. By that time European immigration will have probably ceased, or have become insignificant. When the poorer classes of Europe are offered quite as attractive inducements to remain at home as to immigrate to this country, they will prefer to remain at home. Remarkable political changes will be inevitable in Europe if the country continues to advance to its great destinies without civil war or a failure of representative government.

The Flow of Rivers.

As we have already had occasion to state, the changes which occur from day to day or from year to year in the flow of American rivers, especially in the smaller streams, are rarely recorded. the daily condition of the water in the Mississippi and the Ohio at different points is taken and published by the Government Weather Bureau, but no attention is paid to the stage of water in less important streams. It is noticed by persons living along many of our rivers, or navigating their waters, that they have gradually undergone changes of habit within the memory of the present generation of men. Men not yet old have seen little streams completely dry during long periods of every year, which when they were boys ran freely and copiously throughout the year. Rocks and sand bars have appeared in rivers which not many years ago were clear of all obstructions. A severe summer raintall is often followed by a quick rush of water down the bed of the empty stream, where formerly a similar storm did not make itself apparent in the flow of water, so gradually did it find its way to the channel. Springs are certainly lower everywhere during the summer than they were a century ago, and crops of all kinds feel the effect of summer droughts more seriously than formerly.

Such changes in the condition of rivers and in the water supply of springs are fully understood in Europe, where such subjects have long received careful attention, and such fluvial changes have been recorded. In this country, people have been satisfied to see their streams grow year after year more uncertain and less useful, and their farms dry up, without making any effort to inquire into the causes which were operating these changes, much less to take any decisive steps to prevent them, or even to preserve any record of their occurrence and extent.

The student therefore, who attempts to reach accurate information in regard to the causes which have operated a change in the condition of any stream, is met at the outset with serious difficulties. General information is abundant showing that great changes have occurred in the flow of nearly all our rivers where the forest has been removed from their sources. But in order to prove beyond any question of donbt that the destruction of forests has influenced the flow of any particular stream, it is necessary to know the amount and distribution of the rainfall over its watershed—for it must not be forgotten that there are everywhere very considerable local variations in the rainfall of any great region—the extent of forest cleared at different times from its watershed, and the condition of the river itself, day by day, both before and after this removal of the forest had taken place. These facts being known, it will be possible to show in a thoroughly scientific manner the influence of the destruction of a particular forest upon the flow of a particular stream. Until such facts can be determined, any statement in regard to any rivers, although based upon the conscientious observations of intelligent men, may be subject to doubt and open to criticism. Unrecorded observations are not science and science alone can be trusted to demonstrate beyond question the extent and nature of such things.

The condition of knowledge in Europe, based upon long and careful observations, makes it possible to show in a perfectly scientific manner the effect of the removal of forests upon various rivers. In this country this is not yet possible; and we must base our arguments for the preservation of forests as reservoirs of moisture upon the fact that in other countries it has been proved that the destruction of forests has brought irreparable injury upon rivers, and that in this country, while the scientific demonstration of the exact influence which forests exert upon rivers is not possible from the absence of recorded observations, the universal testimony of all intelligent observers—and it is not safe to disregard such testimony—shows that great changes have occurred in our rivers since great areas or forest have been removed.

Exact information upon the condition of our rivers and the changes which they have experienced of late years, even when such information is not based upon scientific observation, should be placed upon record. If it is a fact that such changes have taken place, they should be made known to the public. If any of the readers of the *Sun* have noticed such changes in any stream in any part of the country, we will find room for their communications upon the subject in these columns. They should be based upon personal observation, and not upon hearsay; and, above all, let them be short, in plain language, and to the point. Such communications will be of immense value in attracting public attention to this important subject. Facts are needed to save the forests. There cannot be too many of them.—*N. Y. Sun.*

To Iron Manufacturers.

HOW IRONMASTER HEWITT LOST A CONTRACT AND HOW HE WOULD SECURE IT IN THE FUTURE.

Congressman Abraham S. Hewitt, sitting at his desk in the house after the early adjournment, talked very freely about what should be done this winter in the way of tariff legislation. "In the first place," said he, "certain blunders in the tariff act of last winter must be corrected. The blunders calling for the earliest attention are those where fatal blows have been delt to certain industries. In some cases manufactories had been entirely shut down and workmen discharged as a direct result of the blunders of last winter. Some of these blunders are so obvious as to be conceded by every one."

Mr. Hewitt's idea is to take up these blunders one by one in special bills. Such conservative policy as that could not cause any undue alarm in business circles. Indeed, the whole talk about the evil effects of any tariff discussion has been, he thinks, greatly exaggerated. If the democratic majority in the house was to sit paralyzed from the fear of evil results following a wise agitation of the tariff question, then the democratic party would be too cowardly to deserve a future victory.

Mr. Hewitt said that the public had been led to believe that the manufacturers were against any tariff legislation when the real fact of the situation was that trade was now suffering from the evils of the present tariff regulations. Not long ago a gentleman who is putting up a building on the site where the old "World" building used to stand came to Mr. Hewitt's firm to make a contract with him to furnish the iron beams. The gentleman is very kindly to Mr. Hewitt and was specially anxious to make the contract with him. Mr. Hewitt gave him the lowest figures for which iron beams have been offered on this market, yet upon further examination he found that the foreign manufacturers could furnish them for a quarter of a cent a pound less than the American firm. So the contract is made abroad. The foreign manufacturer was able to undersell Hewitt's firm because of the great reduction made in the tariff upon this special article last winter.

In commenting on this, Mr. Hewitt said that the average man might think that the tariff upon iron beams should be increased for this foreign competition. The true remedy, however, would be to take the tariff off of scrap iron, so that he would have a free material with which to work. In that case he would have secured the contract above mentioned by underbidding the foreigners and at the same time would have been able to make a profit. The objection to making scrap iron free is that there will be no market for our pig iron, but Mr. Hewitt says that we have to have a mixture of the foreign iron with the native pig iron, as there is no equal demand for them both.—*New York World.*

What a Woman has Developed.

A Mrs. Chapman, of New York city, has created a small industry on a large scale for women. She began by making the large collars for children out of two braids, the ordinary "feather-edge" and "rick-rack" connected together, or aided in forming designs by lace stitches, executed with crochet needles and knitting cotton. The demand became so great that her own hands were unable to supply it, and she began to employ women and give instructions in the art, which is not difficult.

This was four years ago. Mrs. Chapman has now 700 women on her books, living in different parts of this and other states, many on Long Island and in New Jersey. They are mainly married and do the work at home, and as a help, or in order to have some money of their "very own." Some few ladies come in carriages to get their work, which, of course, is not very remunerative, being of a kind that can be taken up readily and does not require much skill. The pecuniary result of ten hours' work amounts to about a dollar. The articles includes collars, cuffs, collaretts, dresses, caps, lace covers for the toilet and the like, and might be extended to coverlids, curtains, shams, and other things indefinitely. Sevety-five thousand collars were supplied last year to the wholesale house that takes all of Mrs. Chapman's productions.

Smoking Hams.

The following suggestions as to the proper mode of preserving meat by smoking are recommended by Professor Nessler: The keeping qualities of smoked meat do not depend upon the amount of smoking, but upon the uniform and proper drying of the meet. Smoke of high temperature, moisture and the condensation of water upon the meat are all injurious in smoking meat. With hot, dry smoke the surface is dried too rapidly; a crust, filled with cracks, is formed, the fat may partially liquify, and the drying of the interior of the meat may be hindered. Bacon is often met with that is brown to the depth of an inch, or even more, simply because it was too warm or at times moist (sweating), either during the smoking or the subsequent storing. It is doubtless of considerable advantage to roll the meat on its removal from the salt, before smoking, in sawdust or bran, or to strew it with either of them, since the crust formed in smoking will not be so thick: and if moisture condenses upon the meat (sweating), it remains in the bran ar sawdust, and the brown coloring matter of the smoke does not penetrate the meat. The bran, etc., can easily be removed before using the meat. Warmth of itself is not regarded as injurious to smoked meat if moisture is absent and the air is not too confined. If a cellar is not dry, smoked meat will soon mould in it, even if covered with sawdust, ashes, charcoal, etc. A warm room is also preferable for the preservation of smoked meat to such as are liable to great variations of temperature, since in the latter moisture is liable to condense upon it. By far the best place, in most cases, for keeping smoked meat, is a suitable smoke-house, in which it remains dry without drying out entirely, as it does when hung in a chimney, which is often practiced. A careful observance of the foregoing suggestions, says the *Manufacturer and Builder*, will be found serviceable to any one who lacks experience in this branch of domestic economy.

Blood Will Tell.

The history of the United States Senate indicates that there is something in the theory that blood and breeding tell in the human race no less conspicuously than in horses, and the lower class of animals generally. There is one family that has furnished from father to son, four Senators. James A. Bayard, of Delaware, was elected to the Senate in 1804, and his son Richard from 1835 to 1839; his son, James R. Jr., from 1851 to 1854, and his son, Thomas F., elected in 1869, and successively to the present time. They have all been conspicuous for talent, and recognized as among the ablest members of the Senate. Next come Frelinghuysens and Stocktons, of New Jersey, in the regular descent from father to son—first Frederick Frelinghuysen; second, Theodore; third, Theodore F., the present Secretary of State. The first Stockton was Richard, who served as United States Senator from 1796 to 1799, and was one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. The second was Robert Field Stockton, who served from 1831 to 1837, and his son, John P., was elected in 1865. The Mason family of Virginia furnished four Senators, John Mason, Thomas Stephen, Thomas Armstead and John M. Mason. The Butler family of South Carolina has had three Senators, and the Calhouns two. Simon and his son J. Donald Cameron have been successively Senators from Pennsylvania. There was a time when father and son were at the same time Senators. Henry Dodge was a Senator from Wisconsin from 1848 to 1857, and his son, Augustus C., of Iowa, from 1848 to 1852. Forty years ago Walter F. Colquitt was a Senator from Georgia, and his son Alfred H., will take his seat as Senator at the next meeting of Congress. There is much food for reflection in the fact thus presented.

Hot Water Treatment for Plants.

A correspondent calls our attention to the following from *The Garden*, and inquires whether there is anything in it: "The *Florist* asks. Has any one tried hot water as a restorative for sickly plants? and then proceeds to say that M. Willermoz some time since related that plants in pots may be restored to health by means of hot water. Ill-health, he maintains, ensues from acid substances in the soil, which, being absorbed by the roots act as poison. The small roots wither and cease to act, and the upper and younger shoots turn yellow and become spotted, indicative of their morbid state. In such cases the usual remedy is to transplant into fresh soil, in clean pots, with good drainage, and often with the best results. But this experience of several years has proved the unfailing efficacy of the simpler treatment, which consists in watering abundantly with hot water at a temperature of about 125 Fahrenheit, having previously stirred the soil of the pots so far as may be done with out injury to the roots. Water is then given until it runs freely from the pots. In his experiments the water at first came out clear, afterward it was sensibly tinged with brown, and gave an appreciable acid reaction. After this thorough washing, the pots were kept warm, and the plants very soon made new roots, immediately followed by vigorous growth."

To our mind there is a great deal in it. We know to a certainty that sickly peach trees are often restored to vigorous health by the old-fashioned German farmers of Pennsylvania, by pouring boiling water on the ground about the peach trees. It cools, of course, somewhat, before reaching many of the roots. Here, however, it is believed to be beneficial by destroying parasitic fungi, rather than chemically, as suggested by the extract. But let the reasoning be what it may, we are willing to indorse it as good practice.—*Gardners' Monthly.*

Useful Hints to Housekeepers.

Steel knives which are not in daily use may be kept from rusting if they are dipped in a strong solution of soda—one part of water to four of soda; then wipe dry, roll in flannel and keep in a dry place.

If small pieces of linen that are used for the baby's bath towels or wash cloths are fringed around the edge they will pass through the weekly wash in safety, but if left in irregular shape they will very likely be left on the grass to mildew or be tucked in the rag bag.

Liquid potash lye is the stuff to clean out the waste pipe that leads from the kitchen sink. Put it in in the evening and let no water run through until next day. This turns the grease into soft soap.

I offer you a recipe for clearing out mice that I have tried and found to work well. It is simply a mixture of cayenne pepper, flour and sugar, place where they can get it.

To clean fly-specks from walls and paint, take two quarts of bran and boil for half an hour in six quarts of water. Strain through a cloth. This will remove them without injury to the paint.

Sprinkle salt immediately over any spot where something has boiled over on the stove, and the place may more easily be cleaned, and the bad odor counteracted.

Beef fat rendered in water will not harden like tallow, but will remain soft and even oily if kept in a not too cold place, is very nice for most purposes where lard is thought requisite. Jews, who eschew all hog fat, render beef fat in this most excellent way—cooking it thoroughly in water and dipping it off the top as it rises like oil.

If and If.

"If you are suffering from poor health or languishing on a bed of sickness, take cheer, if you are simply ailing, or if you feel weak and dispirited, without clearly knowing why, Hop Bitters will surely cure you."

"If you are a Minister, and have overtaxed yourself with your pastoral duties, or a Mother, worn out with care and work, or a man of business or laborer weakened by the strain of your every-day duties, or a man of letters, toiling over your midnight work, Hop Bitters will surely strengthen you."

"If you are suffering from over-eating or drinking, any indiscretion or dissipation, or are young and growing too fast, as is often the case."

"Or if you are in the workshop, on the farm, at the desk, anywhere, and feel that your system needs cleansing, toning, or stimulating, without intoxicating, if you are old, blood thin and impure, pulse feeble, nerves unsteady, faculties waning, Hop Bitters is what you need to give you new life, health, and vigor."

If you are costive or dyspeptic, or suffering from any other of the numerous diseases of the stomach or bowels, it is your own fault if you remain ill.

If you are wasting away with any form of kidney disease, stop tempting death this moment, and turn for a cure to Hop Bitters.

If you are sick with that terrible sickness Nervousness, you will find a "Balm in Gilead" in Hop Bitters.

If you are a frequenter, or a resident of a miasmatic district, barricade your system against the scourge of all countries—malaria, epidemic, bilious and intermittent fevers—by the use of Hop Bitters.

If you have cough, pimply, or sallow skin, bad breath, Hop Bitters will give you fair skin, rich blood, the sweetest breath, and health. $500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help.

That poor, bedridden, invalid wife, sister, mother or daughter, can be made the picture of health by a few bottles of Hop Bitters costing but a trifle.

What Struck an Old Soldier.

"It will soon be twenty years since the war closed."

Under the hot sun of August, 1882, the village of Dover, N. J., lay still as the sphinx in Egypt, while Elijah Sharp, of that place, slowly spoke of the past. "Yes," he said, "I was in the army and saw many of the sights of those fearful years. I was finally discharged from disability, resulting from sunstroke. I came home miserable in health and spirits; so enfeebled that I took cold on the slightest exposure. Life seemed worthless to me; I lived only in memory."

"That was sad enough," I said, dividing my last two cigars.

"That's so," responded Mr. Sharp; "but I got over it. Outgrew it? Not exactly. When in that condition I began taking PARKER'S TONIC, and my health commenced to improve right away. I was astonished at it and so was my wife. I piled on the flesh and could eat anything. My ambition blazed up. I could attend to business, and now—excepting that I have to take care about exposing myself to the hot sun—I am as well as I was the day I enlisted. What differences there are in things—guns and bayonets kill; PARKER'S TONIC saves."

This preparation, which has been known as PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, will hereafter be called simply PARKER'S TONIC. As unprincipled dealers are constantly deceiving their customers by substituting inferior articles under the name of ginger, and as the ginger is really an unimportant ingredient, we drop the misleading word.

There is no change, however, in the preparation itself, and all bottles remaining in the hands of dealers, wrapped under the name of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, contain the genuine medicine if the fac-simile signature of Hiscox & Co., is at the bottom of the outside wrapper.

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Apply by little finger into the nostrils. By absorption it effectually cleanses the nasal passages of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membranal linings of the head from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores the sense of taste and smell. Beneficial results are realized by a few applications. A thorough treatment will cure. Unequaled for colds in head. Agreeable to use. Send for circular. Sold by druggists. By mail 50c. a package—stamps.

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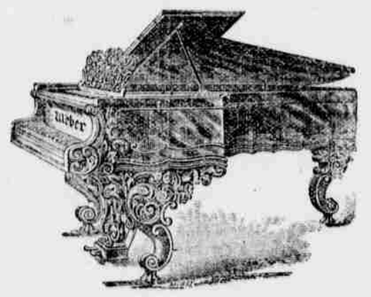

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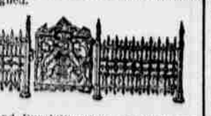

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RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect Nov. 19th, 1883. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD,

9.35 a. m., Lock Haven Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 6.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 5.10 p. m.; Washington 6.55 p. m., through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.55 p. m.—Day express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 7.25 p. m.; New York, 10.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 7.20 p. m.; Washington, 8.4 · p. m. Pullman Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coach through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.20 p. m.—Williamsport Accommodation (daily) for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia and New York, arriving at Philadelphia 3.05 a. m.; New York 6.10 a. m. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York on Sundays a through sleeping car will be run on this train from Renovo to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

2.10 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 7.50 a. m.; New York, 11.00 a. m.; Baltimore 7.40 a. m.; Washington, 8.50 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

6.30 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily) for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie, and through Pullman Palace cars to Buffalo via Emporium. On Sundays this train will run only to Renovo.

For Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, (daily except Sundays) with through Pullman Palace car and passenger coaches to Rochester.

1.0 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches